Comprehensive Annual Financial Report April 30, 2019



Table of Contents

| | Page(s) |
|--|----------|
| Introductory Section | |
| Table of Contents | i - ii |
| Principal Officials | iii |
| Organizational Chart | iv |
| Letter of Transmittal | v - viii |
| Financial Section | |
| Independent Auditor's Report | 1 - 2 |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis | 3 - 11 |
| Basic Financial Statements | |
| Government-Wide Financial Statements | |
| Statement of Net Position | 12 |
| Statement of Activities | 13 |
| Fund Financial Statements | 4.4 |
| Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds | 14 |
| Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position | 15 |
| | 15 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds | 16 |
| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in | 10 |
| Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities | 17 |
| Notes to Financial Statements | 18- 35 |
| | .0 00 |
| Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) | |
| Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability, Total Pension Liability and | |
| Related Ratios | 36 |
| Schedule of Employer Contributions | 37 |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - | 00 |
| Budget and Actual - General Fund | 38 |
| Note to Required Supplementary Information | 39 |
| Supplementary Information | |
| Individual Fund Statements and Schedules | |
| General Fund | |
| Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual | 40 - 41 |
| Nonmajor Governmental Fund – Special Revenue Fund | |
| Balance Sheet – Motor Fuel Tax Fund | 42 |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in | 40 |
| Fund Balance – Budget and Actual - Motor Fuel Tax Fund | 43 |

Table of Contents

| Complementary Information (Continued) | Page(s) |
|--|---------|
| Supplementary Information (Continued) Individual Fund Statements and Schedules (Continued) Major Debt Service Fund | |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – 2008 Bond Fund | 44 |
| Schedule of Long-term Debt Requirements – General Obligation Refunding | 44 |
| Bond, Series 2017 | 45 |
| Statistical Section (Unaudited) | |
| Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years | 46 - 47 |
| Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years | 48 - 49 |
| Fund Balances of Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years | 50 - 51 |
| Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years | 52 - 53 |
| Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Levy Years | 54 - 55 |
| Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Levy Years | 56 - 57 |
| Property Tax Assessed Valuations, Rates, Extensions and Collections | 58 |
| Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding | 59 |
| Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt | 60 |
| Schedule of Legal Debt Margin | 61 |
| Demographic and Economic Statistics | 62 |
| Operating Indicators | 63 - 64 |
| Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years | 65 |
| Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years | 66 |



VILLAGE OFFICIALS

PRESIDENT John A. Tatooles

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Russell P. Fitton Chuck Fritz Richard C. Gallagher Terrence H. Kral Hugh G Masterson John R. Willis

> CLERK Laurie C. White

VILLAGE STAFF

Sam Trakas, Village Administrator Stacy Smith, Deputy Clerk Scott Smith, Permit Coordinator Deanna Edwards, Part-Time Office Clerk

POLICE DEPARTMENT

Bob Haas, Police Chief

Randy Akin, Police Officer
Joseph Belmonte, Police Officer
John Calvey, Police Officer
Jeff Glueck, Police Officer
Mike Hish, Police Officer
Michael Kirby, Police Officer
Larry Martin, Police Officer

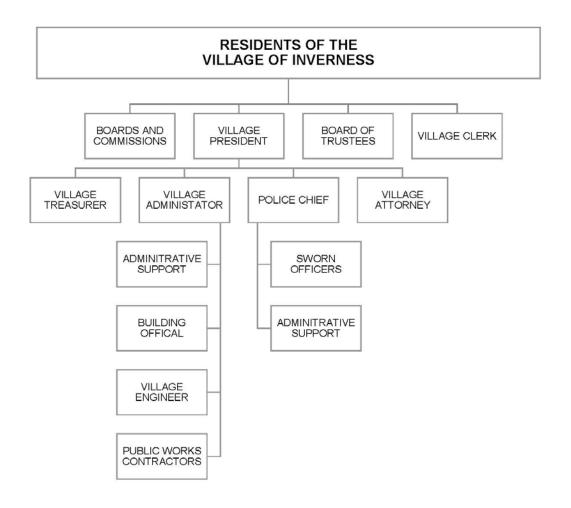
Scott May, Police Officer Ernie Myerson, Police Office Keith Rollins, Police Officer Michael Untiedt, Police Officer Thomas Schimpf, Part-Time Police Officer Edward Valente, Part-Time Police Officer

Sheri Piasecki, Administrative Assistant Deborah Azpuru, Office Clerk

> VILLAGE ATTORNEY Bernard Z. Paul

VILLAGE TREASURER Kenneth Klein

VILLAGE ENGINEER
Jason R. Doland





Village of Inverness

1400 Baldwin Road 847/358-7740 Inverness, Illinois 60067 Fax 847/358-8774

October 14, 2019

Honorable Village President Tatooles Member of the Board of Trustee Residents of the Village of Inverness

PRESIDENT John A. Tatooles

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Russell P. Fitton Chuck Fritz Richard C. Gallagher Terrence H. Kral Hugh Masterson John R. Willis

CLERK

Laurie C. White

POLICE DEPARTMENT

847/358-7766 847/258-8774

EMERGENCY RESPONSE

9-1-1

BUILDING AND ENGINEERING

847/358-7960 Fax 847/358-1207

WEB ADDRESS www.inverness-il.gov

Pursuant to State Law, Annual Financial Report of the Village of Inverness, Illinois (Village) for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019 is hereby published. The Annual Financial Report is an annual report on the Village's financial position and activity presented in conformance with general accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS) by an independent firm of certified public accountants.

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Village of Inverness, Illinois, for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019 is hereby published to fulfill that requirement.

The Village's financial statement for the year ended April 30, 2019 have been audited by RSM US LLP, Certified Public Accounts. The independent auditors issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion concluding the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Inverness, Illinois, as of April 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statement immediately follows the independent auditor's report.

Profile of the Village of Inverness

The Village of Inverness was incorporated in 1962. It is an affluent residential community located in northwestern Cook County approximately 30 miles from the City of Chicago's "Loop". It comprises an area of approximately 6.5 square miles and has a current population of 7,399 according to the 2010 Census. Neighboring communities include Barrington to the north, Palatine to the east, Hoffman Estates to the south and Barrington Hills to the west.

The Village is governed by the Board of Trustees, which consists of the President and six Trustees. Members are elected at-large to overlapping four-year terms. The Board of Trustees employs a Village Administrator to carry out their legislative and policy decisions. The Administrator handles the day-to-day management of the Village. The Village is a home-rule municipality that provides its residents with police protection, road maintenance and other public works related activities.

The Village is served by several other governmental entities. Two different townships provide limited services depending on the location within the Village. The eastern half of the Village lies in Palatine Township and the western portion of the Village is located in Barrington Township.

Fire protection and emergency medical services are provided by the Palatine Rural Fire Protection District and the Barrington Countryside Fire Protection District depending on location. Those living in the eastern two-thirds of the Village are served by Palatine Rural, which maintains a fire station in the Village at the corner of Palatine and Ela Roads. The western third of the Village is served by Barrington Countryside from fire stations located in neighboring Barrington Hills and Barrington.

Financial Planning

The Village operates under the Annual Appropriation Ordinance, with shall be approved by the corporate authorities within the first quarter of each fiscal year. The Village's annual financial plan serves as the foundation for the Village's financial planning and control.

The budget process begins in February of each year. Each department provides expenditure requests for the upcoming fiscal year and any initiatives/projects to be undertaken by the department. The financial plan is developed based on the projected expenses and revenues for the fiscal year. The proposed financial plan is presented to the Financial Committee and Village Board for review and approval.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The Village is primarily a residential community which is influenced by the economy of a community, region, and state.

Property Tax Information

Property Taxes is a major source of the Village's general operating revenue. The annual property tax levy is equal to the operating expenses of the Police Department. As a home rule community, the Village does not have a tax rate limit. Accordingly, the actual tax rate is dependent upon the dollar amount of taxes levied and the equalized assessed valuation (EAV) of property within the Village. Property taxes account for approximately 50% of Village's revenue.

<u>Illinois Income Tax</u> is a tax that is imposed on the privilege of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of the state of Illinois. Local governments receive 6.06 percent of the net collections of all income tax received from individuals, trusts, and estates, and 6.85 percent of the net collections of all income tax received from corporations. The amount that each municipality receives is based on its population in proportion to the total state population. The population figures are determined based on the latest census conducted by the United States Bureau of the Census and certified by the Office of the Secretary of State.

<u>Sales Tax</u> is the combination of all state, local, mass transit, home rule occupation and use, non-home rule occupation and use, park district, county public safety and facilities, county school facility tax, and business district taxes. Sales tax is imposed on a seller's receipts from sales of tangible personal property for use or consumption. Tangible personal property does not include real estate, stocks, bonds, or other "paper" assets representing an interest. A municipality receives 1.00% of the local portion of the sales tax.

<u>Intergovernmental Revenues</u> which includes Income Tax, Sales and Use Taxes, and Road & Bridge tax account of 30% of Village's revenue.

<u>Local Revenues</u> consisting of licenses, building permits, fines, and franchise fee account for approximately 10% of Village's revenue.

Cash Management Policies and Practices

The Village's policy regarding cash management is based upon the realization that there is a time value to money. A high priority has been placed on procedures to ensure that all monies due the Village are collected and deposited as promptly as possible. Disbursements are closely controlled and wire transfers/ACH transfers are used for receipts and disbursements whenever appropriate.

Short-term available cash is placed in the State of Illinois investment pool (Illinois Funds). Cash invested for up to one year is typically placed in a secured certificate of deposit or secured savings deposit accounts.

Major Initiatives and Accomplishments

The following are the significant accomplishment for this fiscal year.

Inverness Police Department: On April 30, 2019, the Inverness Police Department completed 10 full years since its creation. For FY19, the Police Department's total expense was \$1.65 million, which is a savings of approximately \$1.0 million when compared to if the police contractual services continued. As of today, our community has saved approximately \$8.0 million in police services.

Road Improvement Program: The Village continues to expand the annual road improvement program. In fiscal year 2019, the road program increased its annual expenditures by \$500,000, due to the result of an increase of a fund balance of over \$700,000 from the prior fiscal year.

Neighborhood Storm Water Management Assistance: The Village Engineer and Village Administrator met with four neighborhood groups to provide assistance to addressing long duration standing storm water along the roadways. Assistance included televising private drain tiles and culverts and developing preliminary engineering plans for possible remedies. The neighborhood meetings are ongoing.

Dispatch Software Replacement: In 2018, Northwest Central Dispatch System (NWCDS) approved a \$3.7 million project to replace its aging Computer-aided dispatch software and each member's records management system. Due to the long-term planning and financial stewardship of the eleven member communities, NWCDS was able to fund the replacement systems without the need to increase dues or require special assessments to each community.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for Comprehensive Annual Financial (CAFR) reports to encourage local governments to go beyond minimum reporting requirements. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report.

The Village of Inverness has not been awarded the GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting award. This current comprehensive annual financial report is the first step to meet the Program's requirements to apply for a Certificate of Achievement award in the future.

Acknowledgements

I would like to express appreciation to the Mayor, the Board of Trustees, Finance Committee, Village Treasurer, and the entire Village Staff, for their leadership and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Village in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Sam Trakas

Village Administrator





RSM US LLP

endent Auditor's Report

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Village President and Board of Trustees Village of Inverness, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Inverness, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Inverness, Illinois, as of April 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD AUDIT | TAX | CONSULTING

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information:

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis (pages 3 - 11), budgetary comparison information (page 38), and pension information (pages 36 - 37) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information:

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, and the Introductory Section and Statistical Section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory Section and Statistical Section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

RSM US LLP

Schaumburg, Illinois October 14, 2019



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

The Village of Inverness' (Village) Management's Discussion and Analysis is designed to explain significant financial issues, provide an overview of Village financial activity, identify changes in the Village's financial position, identify material deviations from budget, and identify individual issues and concerns.

This document should be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Net Position

The Village's total net position of governmental activities increased by \$884,419 or 8.48% as a result of this year's operations. The Village does not conduct any business-type activities.

Revenues

The governmental activities revenues totaled \$4,789,606.

Cost of Village Programs

The governmental activities expenses totaled \$3,905,187.

General Fund

The General Fund reported revenues of \$3,693,521 and expenditures of \$3,790,052, resulting in an operating decrease of \$96,531, prior to any fund transfers.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

In the past, the primary focus of local government financial statements was summarized by fund type and presented on a current financial resource basis. Now, financial statements are presented from two perspectives: government-wide and major fund. These perspectives allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison and enhance the Village's accountability.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to emulate the corporate sector in that all government and business-type activities are consolidated into columns, which add to a total for the Primary Government. In the case of the Village, there are currently no activities that are classified as business-type. The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the Village and its governmental-type activities.

This statement combines and consolidates the governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The Statement of Activities is focused on both the gross and net cost of various governmental activities, which are supported by the government's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

The Governmental Activities reflect the Village's basic services, including general government, public safety and public works. Property taxes, shared state income taxes and sales taxes finance the majority of these services.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus is on Major Funds, rather than the previous model's fund types.

The Governmental Major Fund presentation is presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. This is the manner in which the budget or financial plan is typically developed. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. Funds are established for various purposes and the Fund Financial Statements allow the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated therewith.

Infrastructure Assets

The Village implemented the infrastructure portions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 34 prospectively and depreciates assets over their useful lives.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT

Net Position

Net position is defined as the amount by which assets and deferred outflows and deferred inflows exceed liabilities. Net position can be a useful indicator of a government's financial condition. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$11,319,433 as of April 30, 2019. This is an increase of \$884,419 or 8.48% over the prior year.

Summary Statement of Net Position As of April 30, 2019 and 2018

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | 2019 | | Change | | | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 11,200,73 | 7 \$ 11,079,280 | \$ | 121,457 | | | |
| Capital assets | 4,786,97 | 4 4,817,170 | | (30,196) | | | |
| Total assets | 15,987,71 | 1 15,896,450 | | 91,261 | | | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | 252,41 | 1 144,490 | | 107,921 | | | |
| Current liabilities | 1,203,08 | 9 1,263,778 | | (60,689) | | | |
| Noncurrent liabilities | 3,658,19 | 8 4,129,426 | | (471,228) | | | |
| Total liabilities | 4,861,28 | 7 5,393,204 | | (531,917) | | | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | 59,40 | 2 212,722 | | (153,320) | | | |
| Net Position: | | | | | | | |
| Investment in capital assets | 4,786,97 | 4 4,817,170 | | (30,196) | | | |
| Restricted | 296,83 | 5 282,221 | | 14,614 | | | |
| Unrestricted | 6,235,62 | 4 5,335,623 | | 900,001 | | | |
| Total net position | \$ 11,319,43 | 3 \$ 10,435,014 | \$ | 884,419 | | | |

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

A portion of total net position constitutes the investment in capital assets. For governmental activities, capital assets include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, vehicles and equipment.

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Position summary presentation.

- 1) Net Results of Activities which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net position.
- 2) <u>Borrowing of Capital</u> which will increase current assets and long-term debt.
- 3) Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital which will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. There is a second impact, an increase in investment in capital assets and an increase in related net debt which will not change the investment in capital assets.
- 4) <u>Spending of Non-borrowed Current Assets on New Capital</u> which will (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets and (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase investment in capital assets, net of debt.
- 5) <u>Principal Payment on Debt</u> which will (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted net assets.
- 6) Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation which will reduce capital assets and investment in capital assets, net of debt.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

The following table compares revenue and expenses for the current and prior year:

Summary Statement of Activities Years Ended April 30, 2019 and 2018

| | | Governmental Activities | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----|-------------------------|------|------------|----|-----------|--|--|
| | | 2019 | 2018 | | | Change | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | _ | | |
| Program Revenues | | | _ | | _ | | | |
| Charges for service | \$ | 341,708 | \$ | 416,428 | \$ | (74,720) | | |
| Grants and contributions | | 400.000 | | 405.450 | | (4.450) | | |
| Operating | | 193,999 | | 195,152 | | (1,153) | | |
| General Revenue | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | 2,800,516 | | 2,775,548 | | 24,968 | | |
| Other taxes | | 1,062,489 | | 999,887 | | 62,602 | | |
| Franchise fees | | 176,370 | | 183,110 | | (6,740) | | |
| Investment income | | 187,917 | | 96,008 | | 91,909 | | |
| Miscellaneous | | 26,607 | | 24,096 | | 2,511 | | |
| Total Revenue | | 4,789,606 | | 4,690,229 | | 99,377 | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | 632,049 | | 768,430 | | (136,381) | | |
| Public Safety | | 1,738,465 | | 1,684,226 | | 54,239 | | |
| Public Works | | 1,450,810 | | 926,851 | | 523,959 | | |
| Interest | | 83,863 | | 202,218 | | (118,355) | | |
| Total Expenses | | 3,905,187 | | 3,581,725 | | 323,462 | | |
| Change in Net Position | | 884,419 | | 1,108,504 | | (224,085) | | |
| Net position - beginning | | 10,435,014 | | 9,326,510 | | 1,108,504 | | |
| Net position - ending | \$ | 11,319,433 | \$ | 10,435,014 | \$ | 884,419 | | |

There are eight basic impacts on revenues and expenses as reflected below:

Revenues:

- 1) <u>Economic Condition</u> which can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on state income, sales and utility tax revenue as well as public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees and volumes of consumption.
- 2) <u>Increase/Decrease in Village Board Approved Rates</u> while certain tax rates are set by State statute, the Village Board has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (property taxes, impact fees, building permit fees, telecommunication taxes and home rule sales tax, etc.).

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

- 3) Changing Patterns in Intergovernmental and Grant Revenue (both recurring and non-recurring) certain recurring revenues (state share revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year-to-year comparisons.
- 4) <u>Market Impacts on Investment Income</u> the Village's investment portfolio is managed using a similar average maturity to most governments. Market conditions may cause investment income to fluctuate.

Expenses:

- Introduction of New Programs within the functional expense categories (General Government, Public Safety and Public Works) individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.
- Increase in Authorized Personnel changes in service demand may cause the Village Board to increase/decrease staffing. Staffing costs represent approximately 40% of all governmental activities.
- 3) Increases in Contractual Services the Village relies heavily on contractual agreements for the delivery of services. Scheduled increases for certain public works activities may have an impact on overall expenses based on their significance to basic operational programming.
- 4) Inflation while overall inflation appears to be reasonably modest, the Village is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuels and parts. Some functions may experience unusual commodity specific increases. In addition, inflationary factors will impact costs associated with contractual service agreements.

Revenues

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, revenues from all governmental activities totaled \$4,789,606. This is a 2.12% increase or \$99,377 greater than the previous year. The increase is attributed to additional income and use taxes and increase in investment income from rising interest rates.

Expenses

Total expenses for all governmental activities for the year ended April 30, 2019 were \$3,905,187. This is a 9.03% increase or \$323,462 greater than the previous year. This increase in expenses is the result of the Village's annual road program which led to significant road maintenance during fiscal year 2019.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At year-end, governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$9,487,241. This is a 1.32% increase from the prior year's ending combined fund balance of \$9,363,811.

Total revenues for Governmental Funds for fiscal year 2019 were \$4,715,482. This is a decrease of \$164,413 over the prior year's revenues. General Fund revenues were \$3,693,521, which was \$128,478 less than the prior year. The decrease is due to reductions in tipping fees charged and building permit fees.

Total expenditures for Governmental Funds for the year ended April 30, 2019, were \$4,592,052, which was a decrease of \$4,868,926 from expenditures of the previous year. The significant decrease in governmental fund expenditures is largely due to the prior year refunding of the Series 2008 General Obligation Bond with the issuance of the Series 2017 Refunding General Obligation Bond. General Fund expenditures were \$3,790,052 compared to FY18 expenditures of \$3,266,539. As mentioned previously, the increase in expenses is associated with the road program which led to significant road maintenance costs. Significant program costs for this year include: \$1,704,119 for police operations, \$168,985 for residential solid waste disposal, \$384,446 for snow and ice control and \$600,985 for general road maintenance activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

General Fund Budgetary Highlights Year Ended April 30, 2019

| | Original | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|------|-----------|-------|-----------|--|
| | and Final | | | | Over/ | |
| General Fund | Budget | | Actual | Under | | |
| Revenues | | | | | _ | |
| Property taxes | \$ 1,937,250 | \$ ' | 1,919,075 | \$ | (18,175) | |
| Other taxes | 959,500 | • | 1,062,489 | | 102,989 | |
| Charges for services | 150,000 | | 148,510 | | (1,490) | |
| Licenses and permits | 186,000 | | 176,194 | | (9,806) | |
| Fines and forfeitures | 15,000 | | 17,004 | | 2,004 | |
| Franchise fees | 175,000 | | 176,370 | | 1,370 | |
| Interest | 10,000 | | 167,272 | | 157,272 | |
| Miscellaneous | 10,000 | | 26,607 | | 16,607 | |
| Total | 3,442,750 | (| 3,693,521 | | 250,771 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Expenditures | 4,307,650 | | 3,790,052 | | 517,598 | |
| Excess of expenditures over revenues | (864,900) | | (96,531) | | 768,369 | |
| Other financing sources | 870,000 | | 200,000 | | (670,000) | |
| Change in Fund Balance | \$ 5,100 | \$ | 103,469 | \$ | 98,369 | |

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

As of April 30, 2019, actual revenues were \$250,771 more than budget projections. Actual expenditures were \$517,598 less than the approved budget. The reason for this is due to increased interest rates and additional income and use taxes received. In addition, the Village was able to reduce costs related to solid waste disposal, snow and ice control and road maintenance costs.

The Village did not revise the total annual operating budget during the year. A schedule showing actual expenditures compared to budget is presented as supplementary information later in this financial report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2019, the Village had a combined total of capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) of \$4,786,974 comprised of land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, vehicles and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deletions) of \$30,196.

Capital Assets at Year-End Net of Depreciation April 30, 2019 and 2018

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | | |
|--|---|----|---|--|--|--|--|
| | 2019 2018 | | | | | | |
| Land Buildings Improvements other than building Vehicles and equipment | \$ 3,597,208 997,439 121,560 70,767 | \$ | 3,597,208 1,031,842 134,915 53,205 | | | | |
| Total | \$ 4,786,974 | \$ | 4,817,170 | | | | |

Outstanding Debt

In December 2008, the Village issued \$9,500,000 in GO Bonds to pay the costs of a system wide repairs and maintenance to the Village's roadway network. In May 2017, the Village issued \$5,070,000 in GO Refunding Bonds (Series 2017) to refund the outstanding balance (\$5,245,000) of the Series 2008 bonds. The Series 2017 Refunding bonds were issued at a premium of \$255,141. The debt service requirements associated with this issue are outlined in Note 8 of this financial report. Property taxes have been pledged to pay principal and interest on these bonds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

Economic Factors and a Look to the Future

The Village continues to plan and operate in a fiscally conservative fashion. This organizational philosophy and practice has enabled the Village to maintain a healthy fund balance to address operational and environmental uncertainties. Currently, the unassigned fund balance for all governmental funds is \$7,620,228. This is approximately 166.2% of annual operational expenditures and is consistent with the Village's Investment Policy. Unassigned reserves of this amount should provide the Village with the flexibility to "weather" the uncertainties that are present in the State of Illinois. State revenues account for about 30% of all operating revenues. The potential impact of the State's financial condition on the Village and other local governments has been commented on before. The State's continued inability to solve this financial crisis only heightens this uncertainty. In the event the General Assembly takes steps to reduce or eliminate certain intergovernmental revenues, existing unassigned reserves should be adequate to bridge potential operational deficits in the near term until the Village can adjust to the changing fiscal environment.

Looking forward, the Village will need to explore additional funding sources for future infrastructure maintenance. The net position increases in the past two fiscal years has helped to stabilize the Village's ability to increase infrastructure repairs. In the next five years, the Village will need to reinvest on its existing facilities, including Village Hal Silos, HVAC systems and cedar roof. Existing unassigned reserves should be sufficient to pay for these improvements.

Aside from the above issues, there should be a high degree of operational stability over the next several years that should provide financial stability as well.

CONTACTING THE VILLAGE'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report may be directed to the Village Administrator, Village of Inverness, 1400 Baldwin Road, Inverness, Illinois 60067.



Statement of Net Position April 30, 2019

| | Governmental Activities |
|--|----------------------------|
| Assets | |
| Current | |
| Cash and investments | \$ 9,622,852 |
| Receivables | |
| Property taxes | 1,286,319 |
| Intergovernmental | 257,678 |
| Accrued interest | 50 |
| Other | 33,838 |
| Total current assets | 11,200,737 |
| Noncurrent | |
| Capital assets (net of | |
| accumulated depreciation) | |
| Land | 3,597,208 |
| Buildings | 997,439 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 121,560 |
| Vehicles and equipment | 70,767 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 4,786,974 |
| Total assets | 15,987,711 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | |
| Pension related amounts | 252,411 |
| Liabilities | |
| Current | |
| Accounts payable | 183,518 |
| Compensated absences | 20,955 |
| Deposits payable | 261,991 |
| Interest payable | 46,625 |
| Bonds payable | 690,000 |
| Total current liabilities | 1,203,089 |
| Noncurrent | |
| Net pension liability | 439,268 |
| Bonds payable, net of unamortized premium of \$178,930 | 3,218,930 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 3,658,198 |
| Total liabilities | 4,861,287 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
| Pension related amounts | 59,402 |
| Net Position | |
| Investment in capital assets | 4,786,974 |
| Restricted for streets and bridges | 296,835 |
| Unrestricted | 6,235,624 |
| Total net position | \$ 11,319,433 |

Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2019

| Year Ended April 30, 20 | 19 | | | Program | Reven | ues | R | t (Expense), evenue, and Changes in let Position |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|---------|------------------|--------|--------------|------------|---|
| | | | | | | Operating | | |
| | | | С | harges for | (| Grants and | G | overnmental |
| Functions/Programs | | Expenses | | Services | С | ontributions | | Activities |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 632,049 | \$ | 176,194 | \$ | _ | \$ | (455,855) |
| Public safety | Ψ | 1,738,465 | Ψ | 17,004 | Ψ | _ | Ψ | (1,721,461) |
| Public works | | 1,450,810 | | 148,510 | | 193,999 | | (1,108,301) |
| Interest | | 83,863 | | - | | - | | (83,863) |
| Total | \$ | 3,905,187 | \$ | 341,708 | \$ | 193,999 | | (3,369,480) |
| | | | Taxes | | | | | |
| | | | Prop | perty | | | | 2,800,516 |
| | | | Pers | sonal property | replac | ement | | 4,651 |
| | | | Sale | es | | | | 67,898 |
| | | | Inco | me and use | | | | 989,940 |
| | | | Frar | nchise fees | | | | 176,370 |
| | | | | ment income | | | | 187,917 |
| | | | Misce | llaneous | | | | 26,607 |
| | | | | Total general | reven | ues | | 4,253,899 |
| | | 1 | Change | e in net positio | n | | | 884,419 |
| | Net position - beginning | | | | | | 10,435,014 | |
| | | | Net pos | sition - ending | | | \$ | 11,319,433 |

Village of Inverness, Illinois

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds April 30, 2019

| | General Fund | Bond Fund | | | | G | Total overnmental Funds |
|---|-----------------|--------------|-----------|----|---------|----|-------------------------------|
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ 8,683,703 | \$ | 658,691 | \$ | 280,458 | \$ | 9,622,852 |
| Receivables | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 893,908 | | 392,411 | | - | | 1,286,319 |
| Intergovernmental | 241,301 | | - | | 16,377 | | 257,678 |
| Accrued interest | 50 | | - | | - | | 50 |
| Other receivables | 33,338 | | 500 | | - | | 33,838 |
| Total assets | \$ 9,852,300 | \$ | 1,051,602 | \$ | 296,835 | \$ | 11,200,737 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 183,518 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 183,518 |
| Deposits payable | 261,991 | | - | | - | | 261,991 |
| Total liabilities | 445,509 | | - | | - | | 445,509 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | | |
| Deferred property taxes | 881,122 | | 386,865 | | - | | 1,267,987 |
| Fund Balances | | | | | | | |
| Restricted - street and bridge improvements | - | | - | | 296,835 | | 296,835 |
| Restricted - debt service Assigned | - | | 664,737 | | - | | 664,737 |
| Solid waste program | 572,728 | | - | | - | | 572,728 |
| Street and bridge improvements | 322,713 | | - | | - | | 322,713 |
| Unassigned | 7,630,228 | | - | | - | | 7,630,228 |
| Total fund balances | 8,525,669 | | 664,737 | | 296,835 | | 9,487,241 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows | | | | | | | |
| and fund balances | \$ 9,852,300 | \$ | 1,051,602 | \$ | 296,835 | \$ | 11,200,737 |

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position April 30, 2019

| Total fund balances-governmental funds | \$ 9,487,241 |
|---|------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the | |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: | |
| Statement of Net Position are different because: | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources | |
| and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | 4,786,974 |
| Pension related deferred amounts are not reported in the governmental | |
| funds since they do not provide or use current financial resources. | |
| These amounts consist of the following: | |
| Deferred outflows | 252,411 |
| Deferred inflows | (59,402) |
| Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current | |
| financial resources are deferred inflows of resources in the funds. | 1,267,987 |
| Some liabilities reported in the Statement of Net Position do not | |
| require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, | |
| are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds. | |
| These amounts consist of: | |
| Interest payable | (46,625) |
| Compensated absences | (20,955) |
| Net pension liability | (439,268) |
| Unamortized bond premium | (178,930) |
| Bonds payable | (3,730,000) |
| Net position of governmental activities | \$ 11,319,433 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Year Ended April 30, 2019

| | General Fund | Bond Fund | | Nonmajor overnmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|----|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 1,919,075 | \$ 807,317 | \$ | - | \$ 2,726,392 |
| Sales taxes | 67,898 | - | | - | 67,898 |
| Income and use taxes | 989,940 | - | | - | 989,940 |
| Replacement taxes | 4,651 | - | | - | 4,651 |
| Charges for services | 148,510 | - | | - | 148,510 |
| Licenses and permits | 176,194 | - | | - | 176,194 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 17,004 | - | | - | 17,004 |
| Intergovernmental | - | - | | 193,999 | 193,999 |
| Franchise fees | 176,370 | - | | - | 176,370 |
| Interest | 167,272 | 30 | | 20,615 | 187,917 |
| Miscellaneous | 26,607 | - | | - | 26,607 |
| Total revenues | 3,693,521 | 807,347 | | 214,614 | 4,715,482 |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | |
| General government | 583,215 | - | | - | 583,215 |
| Public safety | 1,704,119 | - | | - | 1,704,119 |
| Public works | 1,450,810 | - | | - | 1,450,810 |
| Debt service | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | - | 670,000 | | - | 670,000 |
| Interest expense | - | 132,000 | | - | 132,000 |
| Capital outlay | 51,908 | - | | - | 51,908 |
| Total expenditures | 3,790,052 | 802,000 | | - | 4,592,052 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | |
| over expenditures | (96,531) | 5,347 | | 214,614 | 123,430 |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 200,000 | - | | - | 200,000 |
| Transfers out | - | - | | (200,000) | (200,000) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 200,000 | - | | (200,000) | - |
| Net change in fund balances | 103,469 | 5,347 | | 14,614 | 123,430 |
| Fund balances - beginning | 8,422,200 | 659,390 | | 282,221 | 9,363,811 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ 8,525,669 | \$ 664,737 | \$ | 296,835 | \$ 9,487,241 |

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2019

| Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds | \$ 123,430 |
|--|------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. In the current year | |
| total capital outlay (\$38,885) was exceeded by depreciation (\$69,081) in the current period. | (30,196) |
| The issuance and refunding of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. These transactions, however, have no effect on net position. Principal retirement - bonds | 670,000 |
| Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current | |
| financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in deferred inflows of resources | 74,124 |
| Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of: | |
| Amortization of bond premium | 39,762 |
| Decrease in accrued interest Increase in compensated absences payable | 8,375 (3,783) |
| Changes in net pension liability and related pension amounts | 2,707 |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | \$ 884,419 |

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member board. The financial statements of the Village of Inverness, Illinois (Village) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Village's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the reporting entity to include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that the exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these criteria there are no component units which should be included with the Village's financial statements nor is the Village considered to be a component unit of any other government.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements: The government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report the overall financial activity of the Village. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities of the Village. The financial activities of the Village consist only of governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Net Position presents the Village's assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, if any.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is generally the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the criteria of the two preceding categories.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function (i.e. general government, public safety and public works) are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs (including fines and fees), and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements: Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The fund financial statements provide information about the Village's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. The Village's major funds include the General Fund and the Bond Fund. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds. The Village has no enterprise funds.

The Village administers the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government. The services which are administered by the Village and accounted for in the general fund include general government, public safety, and public works.

Bond Fund – This is the Village's debt service fund and will be used to retire the principal and interest payments on the Series 2017 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. Financing will be provided by a property tax levy.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Village gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include various taxes, State shared revenues and various State, Federal and local grants. On an accrual basis, revenues from taxes are recognized when the Village has a legal claim to the resources. Grants, entitlements, State shared revenues and similar items are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year.

Significant revenue sources which are susceptible to accrual include property taxes, other taxes, grants, charges for services, and interest. All other revenue sources are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

Expenditures generally are recorded when the liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due (upon employee retirement or termination). General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are the consumption of net position that is applicable to future reporting periods. The Village reports the deferred outflows due to pensions as deferred outflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements.

Deferred inflows of resources are the acquisition of net position or fund balance that is applicable to future reporting periods. Deferred inflows of resources arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period for the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources also result when timing requirements relating to imposed tax revenues are not met, as in when property tax receivables are recorded prior to the period the levy is intended to finance. In addition, the Village reports deferred inflows due to pensions on the government-wide financial statements. See Note 11 for pension related disclosures.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Joint Venture - Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook County (SWANCC)

SWANCC is a municipal corporation empowered to plan, finance, construct and operate a solid waste disposal system to serve its member municipalities. Management consists of a Board of Directors comprised of one appointed representative from each member. The Village does not exercise any control over the activities of SWANCC beyond its representation on the Board.

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Investments

Investments are generally reported at fair value based on quoted market prices. Investments in 2a-7 money market funds and 2a-7 like pools (Illinois Funds) are reported at net asset value per share.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets which include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, vehicles and equipment are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000, and an estimated useful life of two years or greater. Additions or improvements that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Expenditures for asset acquisitions and improvements are stated as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Infrastructure assets acquired prior to May 1, 2004 are not capitalized as allowed for "Level 3" governments by GASB Statement No. 34.

Depreciation of capital assets is recorded in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

| Buildings | 50 |
|-----------------------------------|---------|
| Improvements other than buildings | 15 – 50 |
| Vehicles and equipment | 2 – 10 |

Years

Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in the operations on the Statement of Activities.

Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans, if any, are classified as "interfund receivables/payables."

The Village has the following types of transactions between funds:

Loans and advances—amounts provided with a requirement for repayment. In the fund financial statements, interfund loans are reported as due from other funds in lender funds and due to other funds in borrower funds.

Services provided and used—sales and purchases of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their external exchange value. Interfund services provided and used are reported as revenues in seller funds and expenditures or expenses in purchaser funds. Unpaid amounts are reported as due to/from other funds in the fund balance sheets or fund statements of net position.

Reimbursements—repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them. Reimbursements are reported as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Transfers—flows of assets (such as cash or goods) without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations, including compensated absences and the net pension liabilities are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Debt service funds are specifically established to account for and service the long-term obligations for the governmental funds debt. Long-term debt is recognized as a liability in a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed with available financial resources (if any) is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund.

The Village accrues accumulated unpaid vacation earned by the employee, which is reported in the government-wide statements. Vacation credit may not be accumulated from year to year. Any employee who does not take all the vacation time to which he or she is entitled in a year will automatically forfeit that vacation and vacation pay. Upon termination, the employee is entitled to the prorated amount of vacation time, calculated at a rate of 1/12 for each month or portion thereof.

Fund Balances

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 (GASB 54), Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, established fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in the governmental funds. In addition, GASB 54 modified certain fund type definitions and provided guidance for classification of stabilization amounts on the face of the balance sheet.

Within the governmental fund types, the Village's fund balances are reported in one of the following classifications:

Restricted – includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balances (Continued)

Assigned – includes amounts that are constrained by the Village's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: a) the Village's Board itself; b) a body or official to which the Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Village's Board has not delegated authority to any other body or official to assign amounts for a specific purpose within the General Fund. However, certain assignments are approved by the Board within the Financial Plan. Within the other governmental fund types (special revenue, debt service, capital projects) resources are assigned in accordance with the established fund purpose and approved Financial Plan and appropriation.

Unassigned – includes the residual fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the general fund and deficit fund balances (if any) of other governmental funds.

Note 2. Legal Compliance and Accountability

Budgets

An annual budget is prepared for all Village Funds. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested funding for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the governing body for review. On the basis of the approved budget, the appropriation ordinance is prepared. The governing body holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from or change appropriations.

The appropriation ordinance may be amended by the governing body. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. The appropriation ordinance was not revised or amended during the year.

The budget amounts in these financial statements reflect the Village's financial plan. These budget amounts are less than the legally enacted appropriation ordinance.

Note 3. Investments

The Village maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the balance sheet – governmental funds and the statement of net position as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Village's funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments - Statutes authorize the Village to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services and The Illinois Funds. The Village does not have a policy that further limits its permitted deposits and investments. The Village adheres to the State statutes identified above and has not adopted any policies for cash and/or investments addressing custodial risk, interest rate risk or credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposit may not be returned. The Village does not have a policy regarding custodial credit risk. As of April 30, 2019, \$70,550 of the Village's deposits were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Interest Rate Risk.

As of April 30, 2019, the Village had the following investments and maturities.

| Investment Type | Carrying Value |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Illinois Funds | \$ 8,191,723 |
| Total | \$ 8,191,723 |

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments in the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Illinois Funds does meet all the criteria in GASB Statement No. 79, paragraph 4 which allows the reporting of its investments at amortized cost. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals from the pool.

Credit Risk.

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The Village does not have an investment policy that further limits its investment options. As of April 30, 2019, the Illinois Funds Investment Pool was rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

Note 4. Receivables - Taxes

Property taxes for 2018 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2018 on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about February 1, 2019 and July 1, 2019, and are payable in two installments, on or about March 1, 2019 and August 1, 2019. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities of the Village is as follows:

| | | Balance | | | | Balance |
|---|-------|-----------|----------------|----|----------|-----------------|
| | May 1 | | Additions | D | eletions | April 30 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 3,597,208 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ 3,597,208 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 1,720,158 | - | | - | 1,720,158 |
| Improvements other than buildings | | 504,430 | - | | - | 504,430 |
| Vehicles and equipment | | 215,325 | 38,885 | | - | 254,210 |
| | | 2,439,913 | 38,885 | | - | 2,478,798 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 688,316 | 34,403 | | - | 722,719 |
| Improvements other than buildings | | 369,515 | 13,355 | | - | 382,870 |
| Vehicles and equipment | | 162,120 | 21,323 | | - | 183,443 |
| | | 1,219,951 | 69,081 | | - | 1,289,032 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | | 1,219,962 | (30,196) | | - | 1,189,766 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ | 4,817,170 | \$ (30,196) | \$ | - | \$ 4,786,974 |

Total depreciation of \$69,081 was allocated as follows:

| General government | \$ 47,758 |
|--------------------|--------------|
| Public safety | 21,323 |
| | \$ 69,081 |

Note 6. Interfund Activity

Transfers between funds for the year ended April 30, 2019 are shown as follows:

| Fund | Fund Detail | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| General Fund | Street repairs | \$ 200,000 | | | |
| Fund | Detail | Transfer Out | | | |
| Motor Fuel Tax | Street repairs | \$ 200,000 | | | |

Note 7. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the Village's employees. These risks, along with medical claims for employees and retirees, are provided for through a combination of purchased coverage and participation in public entity risk pool. The Village currently reports all of its risk management activities in its General Fund.

The Village has joined together with other local governments in Illinois to form the Municipal Insurance Cooperative Association (MICA). MICA is a public entity risk pool operating a common risk management and insurance program for its member governments. MICA maintains \$1,100,000 specific reinsurance contracts for a \$200,000 limit on property claims, \$200,000 limit on liability claims, \$650,000 limit on workers' compensation claims and a \$50,000 limit on crime claims. MICA also maintains a \$11,725,000 reinsurance contract for total loss aggregate of \$12,825,000. The Village pays an annual premium to MICA based upon a risk exposure formula and the Village's prior experience within the pool to cover potential claims from a fully funded loss amount of \$12,975,000. In addition, the Village pays the first \$5,000 for property, liability and crime claims. Amounts paid into the pool in excess of claims for any coverage year are rebated back to members in subsequent periods. The Village records such rebates as miscellaneous revenue in the General Fund in the year in which they are received.

Risks for medical and death benefits for current employees are provided through insurance purchased from private insurance companies.

The Village's employee policy does not offer health insurance to retired employees. However, the Municipal Employee's Continuance Privilege law (215 ILCS 5/367j) requires IMRF employers who offer health insurance to their active employees to offer the same health insurance to disabled members, retirees, and surviving spouses at the same premium rate for active employees. The Village has one retiree receiving health insurance pursuant to Municipal Employee's Continuance Privilege law. The Village is not reporting an OPEB Liability as the estimated liability is immaterial based on the small number of employees enrolled in the plan.

There have been no reductions in the Village's insurance coverage for any of its programs since the prior fiscal year. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage during the current year or prior three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8. Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of long-term obligation activity associated with governmental activities for the year ended April 30, 2019:

| | Balance May 1, 2018 | Å | Additions | R | etirements | Balance April 30, 2019 | Due Within One Year |
|---|---------------------------|----|-----------|----|-------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| General Obligation Bonds Payable, Series 2017 Premium on bonds payable | \$ 4,400,000 218,692 | \$ | - - | \$ | 670,000 39,762 | \$ 3,730,000 178,930 | \$ 690,000 - |
| Compensated absences payable | 17,172 | | 20,955 | | 17,172 | 20,955 | 20,955 |
| | \$ 4,635,864 | \$ | 20,955 | \$ | 726,934 | \$ 3,929,885 | \$ 710,955 |

The following is a summary of debt transactions of the Village for the year ended April 30, 2019:

General Obligation Bonds

On May 11, 2017, the Village issued \$5.1 million in general obligation (GO) refunding bonds, series 2017. The series 2017 bonds are due in annual installments of \$670,000 to \$800,000 plus interest at 3.0% through December 1, 2023. The bonds were issued to provide funds to refund the remaining principal outstanding of the 2008 GO Bonds (\$5.2 million), which were originally issued to provide funds for the maintenance of infrastructure.

As of April 30, 2019, debt service requirements to maturity on the outstanding debt, including interest, are as follows:

| Year | | Governmental Activities | | | | | |
|----------|------------|-------------------------|----------|---------|------|-----------|--|
| Ending | | | | Bonds | | | |
| April 30 | | Principal | Interest | | | Total | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 2020 | \$ | 690,000 | \$ | 111,900 | \$ | 801,900 | |
| 2021 | | 720,000 | | 91,200 | | 811,200 | |
| 2022 | | 745,000 | | 69,600 | | 814,600 | |
| 2023 | | 775,000 | | 47,250 | | 822,250 | |
| 2024 | | 800,000 | | 24,000 | | 824,000 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Total | <u>\$3</u> | 3,730,000 | \$ | 343,950 | \$ 4 | 4,073,950 | |

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies

Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook County (SWANCC)

The Village has committed to pay its share of the annual operating costs and fixed costs of SWANCC. The Village's share of dual costs is expected to be funded through tipping fees paid by refuse haulers.

SWANCC has entered into Solid Waste Disposal Contracts with member municipalities. The Contracts are irrevocable and may not be terminated or amended except as provided in the Contract. Each member is obligated, on a "take or pay" basis, to purchase or in any event to pay for a minimum annual cost of the system.

The obligation of the Village to make all payments as required by this Contract is unconditional and irrevocable, without regard to performance or nonperformance by SWANCC of its obligations under this Contract.

The Village's contract with the Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook County provides that each member is liable for its proportionate share of any costs arising from defaults in payment obligations by other members.

Intergovernmental Agreement

The Village is a member of the Northwest Central Dispatch System (NWCDS) which serves 11 municipalities. NWCDS is a consolidated, multi-jurisdictional emergency communications system that answers emergency telephone calls and dispatches both police and fire/EMS calls for member municipalities.

The Village remitted approximately \$177,030 to NWCDS for the year ended April 30, 2019.

Note 10. Joint Ventures - Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook County (SWANCC)

Description of Joint Venture

The Village is a member of the Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook County (SWANCC) which consists of 23 municipalities. SWANCC is a municipal corporate and public body politic and corporate established pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Illinois and the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act of the State of Illinois, as amended (the Act). SWANCC is empowered under the Act to plan, construct, finance, operate and maintain a solid waste disposal system to serve its members. SWANCC is reported as a nonequity governmental joint venture.

Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook County, 77 West Hintz Road, Suite 200, Wheeling, Illinois 60090.

In accordance with the joint venture agreement, the Village made payments of \$117,594 to SWANCC for the fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11. Employee Retirement Systems

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The Village contributes to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), which provides retirement, disability, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. IMRF is an agent multiple-employer public retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. All employees, except those covered by the police and fire pension plans, hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard, must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org or by writing to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of April 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| | Membership |
|--|------------|
| Inactive employees or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 8 |
| Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits | - |
| Active employees | 6 |
| Total membership | 14 |

Mamharchin

Contributions

As set by statute, employer regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statutes require employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer contribution rate for calendar year 2019 and 2018 was 13.05 percent and 12.27 percent of annual covered payroll, respectively. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability

The Village's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2018:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets.
- The Inflation Rate was assumed to be 2.50%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 3.39% to 14.25%, including inflation.
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.25%.
- Projected Retirement Age was from the Experience-based table of rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2017 valuation according to an experience study from years 2014 to 2016.
- The IMRF-specific rates for Mortality (for non-disabled retirees) were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- For Disabled Retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the

Note 11. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table, applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives.

- For active members, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| | Target | Long-Term Expected Real |
|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| Asset Class | Asset Allocation | Rate of Return |
| | | |
| Domestic equity | 37.00% | 7.15% |
| International equity | 18.00% | 7.25% |
| Fixed income | 28.00% | 3.75% |
| Real estate | 9.00% | 6.25% |
| Alternative investments | 7.00% | |
| Private equity | | 8.50% |
| Hedge funds | | 5.50% |
| Commodities | | 3.20% |
| Cash equivalents | 1.00% | 2.50% |
| Total | 100.00% | |

The assumptions were changed from the prior year as follows:

• The investment rate of return was changed from 7.50% to 7.25%

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this single discount rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The single discount rate reflects:

Note 11. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Single Discount Rate (Continued)

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 3.71%, based on the tax of municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%, which is equal to the long-term rate of return due to the fact that projections estimate net position will be available to pay all future benefits.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | |
|--|--|--------------|------------|--|--|--|
| | Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pensi | | | | | |
| | Liability | Liability | | | | |
| | (a) | (b) | (a) - (b) | | | |
| Balances at April 30, 2018 | \$ 2,163,965 | \$ 1,983,231 | \$ 180,734 | | | |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | |
| Service cost | 30,727 | - | 30,727 | | | |
| Interest | 158,220 | - | 158,220 | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | (17,965) | - | (17,965) | | | |
| Changes of assumptions | 56,983 | - | 56,983 | | | |
| Contributions - employer | - | 41,373 | (41,373) | | | |
| Contributions - employee | - | 15,224 | (15,224) | | | |
| Net investment income (loss) | - | (142,569) | 142,569 | | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of | | | | | | |
| employee contributions | (139,458) | (139,458) | - | | | |
| Other changes | | 55,403 | (55,403) | | | |
| Net changes | 88,507 | (170,027) | 258,534 | | | |
| Balances at April 30, 2019 | \$ 2,252,472 | \$ 1,813,204 | \$ 439,268 | | | |

Note 11. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

| | 1% D | 1% Decrease | | ent Discount | 1% | Increase |
|---------------------------------|------|-------------|----|--------------|----|----------|
| | (| (6.25%) | Ra | te (7.25%) | | (8.25%) |
| | | | | | | _ |
| Village's net pension liability | \$ | 691,397 | \$ | 439,268 | \$ | 224,179 |

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2019, the Village recognized pension expense of \$25,485. At April 30, 2019, the Village reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | | ed Outflows Resources | red Inflows esources |
|---|----|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions | | 43,452 42,270 | \$ 19,120 40,282 |
| Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | , | 151,589 | - |
| Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods | | 237,311 | 59,402 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 15,100 | |
| Total deferred amounts related to pensions | \$ | 252,411 | \$ 59,402 |

Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction in the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

| Year Ended April 30, | Amount |
|----------------------|---------------|
| 2020 | \$ 52,224 |
| 2021 | 35,739 |
| 2022 | 31,888 |
| 2023 | 58,058 |
| Total | \$ 177,909 |

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

The schedule of changes in net pension liability, total pension liability and related ratios and investment returns and the schedule of contributions are presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements.

Note 12. Other Employee Benefits

The Village has established a Police Pension Fund for sworn officers in accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3 et seq.). At the present time, no officers have applied to participate in the Fund. As an alternative for sworn officers who do not make written application to the Police Pension Fund, the Village has established a section 401(a) savings plan, referred to below.

During fiscal year 2009, in conjunction with establishing a new police department, the Village established a section 401(a) savings plan (Plan) for its qualified police officers. The Plan is a defined contribution retirement savings plan established to provide benefits at retirement to police officers employed by the Village. Full-time police officers hired by the Village that do not make written application to participate in the police pension fund of the Village and subsequently become ineligible for participation may participate in the Village's 401(a) Plan.

As of April 30, 2019, twelve officers were participating in the Plan. The Plan requires an initial and irrevocable election as to mandatory employee contributions (from 0% - 20% of covered payroll) and the Village contributes 10% of covered payroll. Plan provisions and contribution requirements of the Village were established, and may only be amended by the Village Board.

Note 13. New Governmental Accounting Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statements:

GASB issued Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. The objective of this Statement is to address accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the Guidance in this Statement. The Village will adopt this Statement for its April 30, 2020 financial statements.

GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The Village will adopt this Statement for its April 30, 2020 financial statements

Note 13. New Governmental Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The Village will adopt this Statement for its April 30, 2021 financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, will be effective for the Village beginning with its year ended April 30, 2020. The objective of this Statement is to provide guidance to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of Construction Period, will be effective for the Village beginning with its year ending April 30, 2021. The objective of this Statement is to establish accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period and requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset on the Statement of Net Position.

GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, will be effective for the Village beginning with its year ending April 30, 2020. The objective of this Statement is to clarify the accounting and financial reporting requirements for a state or local government's majority equity interest in an organization that remains legally separate after acquisition. Under this statement, a government entity should report its majority equity interest in a legally separate organization as an investment if the equity interest meets the GASB's definition of an investment.

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, will be effective for the Village beginning with its year ending April 30, 2022. The objective of this Statement is to establish a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice. Under Statement 91 a government entity no longer reports a liability for any conduit debt that it has issued; however, the issuer should recognize a liability for any additional commitments or voluntary commitments to support the debt service.

Management has not yet completed its evaluation of the impact, if any, of the provisions of these standards on its financial statements.



Village of Inverness, Illinois

Required Supplementary Information - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability, Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios

| Fiscal year ending April 30, | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|--|--|--|----|---|--|
| Total pension liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions | \$ 30,727 158,220 (17,965) 56,983 | \$ 41,668 152,801 79,422 (67,181) | \$ 41,069 148,115 (21,257) (13,766) | \$ | 38,817 141,124 8,488 4,438 | \$ 45,409 115,988 202,653 69,686 |
| Benefit payments | (139,458) | (118,507) | (97,312) | | (92,569) | (77,853) |
| Net change in total pension liability | 88,507 | 88,203 | 56,849 | | 100,298 | 355,883 |
| Total pension liability—beginning | 2,163,965 | 2,075,762 | 2,018,913 | | 1,918,615 | 1,562,732 |
| Total pension liability—ending (a) | \$ 2,252,472 | \$ 2,163,965 | \$ 2,075,762 | \$ | 2,018,913 | \$ 1,918,615 |
| Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee Net investment income Benefit payments Other (Net transfer) | \$ 41,373 15,224 (142,569) (139,458) 55,403 | \$ 41,888 15,263 306,980 (118,507) (12,638) | \$ 50,821 17,016 116,017 (97,312) (4,730) | \$ | 38,526 16,559 8,255 (92,569) 27,966 | \$ 40,015 16,550 94,175 (77,853) 42,319 |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | (170,027) | 232,986 | 81,812 | | (1,263) | 115,206 |
| Plan fiduciary net position—beginning | 1,983,231 | 1,750,245 | 1,668,433 | | 1,669,696 | 1,554,490 |
| Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) | \$ 1,813,204 | \$ 1,983,231 | \$ 1,750,245 | \$ | 1,668,433 | \$ 1,669,696 |
| Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ 439,268 | \$ 180,734 | \$ 325,517 | \$ | 350,480 | \$ 248,919 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 80.50% | 91.65% | 84.32% |) | 82.64% | 87.03% |
| Covered payroll | \$ 338,300 | \$ 339,174 | \$ 378,134 | \$ | 367,970 | \$ 345,765 |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of the covered payroll | 129.85% | 53.29% | 86.09% |) | 95.25% | 71.99% |

Note to the Schedule:

The Village implemented GASB 68 in FY 2016. Information is not available prior to 2015. Additional years will be added to future reporting periods as required to show 10 years of historical data.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions

| Fiscal Year Ended April 30 | De | ctuarially etermined entribution | Co | Actual entribution | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | Covered Payroll | Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll |
|-------------------------------------|----|--|----|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 2019 2018 2017 2016 | \$ | 43,347 39,289 49,847 42,460 | \$ | 43,347 39,289 49,847 42,460 | \$ - - - | \$ 346,674 319,173 381,213 370,293 | 12.50% 12.31% 13.08% 11.47% |

Notes to the Schedule:

The Village implemented GASB 68 in FY 2016. Information is not available prior to that period. Additional years will be added to future reporting periods as required to show 10 years of historical data.

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions used in Calculation of the 2018 Contribution Rate*

| Valuation Date | Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Actuarial cost method | Aggregate Entry Age Normal |
| Actuarial value of assets | 5 Year Smoothed Market Value; 20% Corridor |
| Amortization method | Level Percentage of Payroll Closed |
| Remaining amortization period | 25 year closed period |
| Investment rate of return | 7.50% |
| Salary increases | 3.75% to 14.50%, including inflation |
| Projected increase in total payroll | 3.50% |
| Inflation rate included | 2.75% |
| Retirement Age | Experienced-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011-2013. |
| Mortality | For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match the current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, and IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee |

Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

^{*}Based on the valuation assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2019

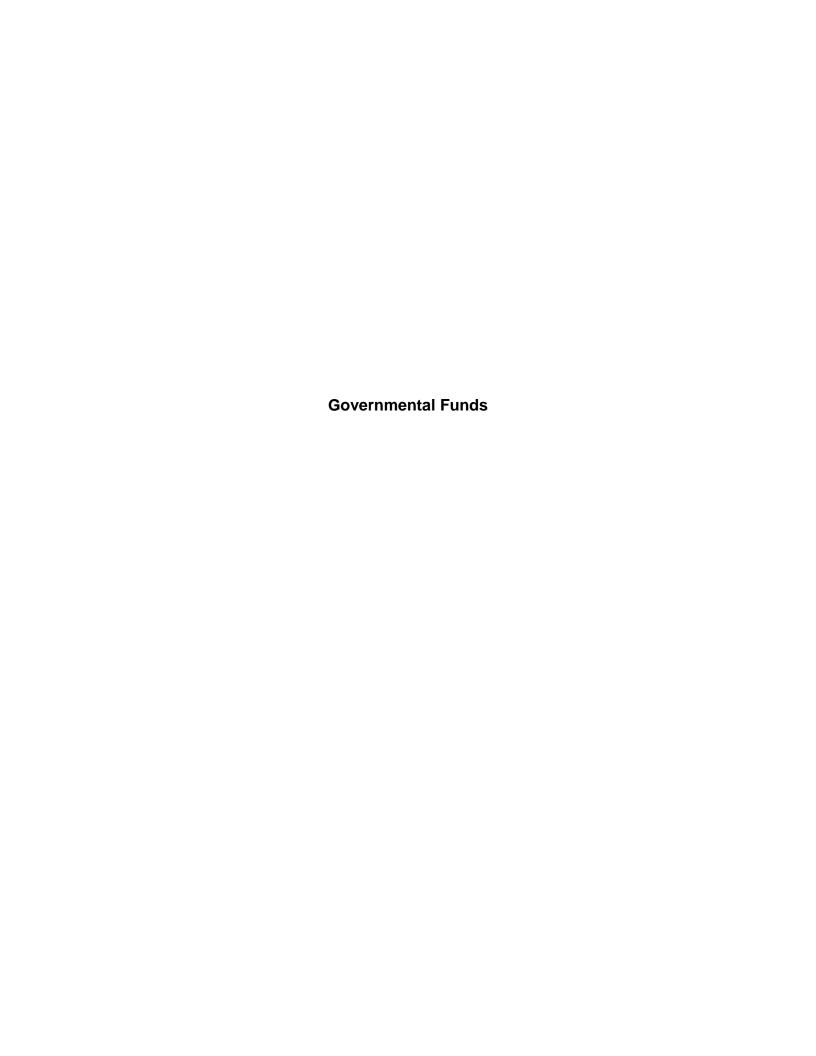
| | Original and Final | | | | Variance With Final |
|--|-----------------------|----|-----------|----|------------------------|
| | Budget | | Actual | | Budget |
| Revenues | 3 - 3 | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 1,937,250 | \$ | 1,919,075 | \$ | (18,175) |
| Sales taxes | 65,000 | | 67,898 | | 2,898 |
| Income and use taxes | 890,000 | | 989,940 | | 99,940 |
| Replacement taxes | 4,500 | | 4,651 | | 151 |
| Charges for services | 150,000 | | 148,510 | | (1,490) |
| Licenses and permits | 186,000 | | 176,194 | | (9,806) |
| Fines and forfeitures | 15,000 | | 17,004 | | 2,004 |
| Franchise fees | 175,000 | | 176,370 | | 1,370 |
| Interest | 10,000 | | 167,272 | | 157,272 |
| Miscellaneous | 10,000 | | 26,607 | | 16,607 |
| Total revenues | 3,442,750 | | 3,693,521 | | 250,771 |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | |
| General government | 726,250 | | 583,215 | | 143,035 |
| Public safety | 1,788,750 | | 1,704,119 | | 84,631 |
| Public works | 1,723,700 | | 1,450,810 | | 272,890 |
| Capital outlay | 68,950 | | 51,908 | | 17,042 |
| Total expenditures | 4,307,650 | | 3,790,052 | | 517,598 |
| Deficiency of revenues over expenditures | (864,900) | | (96,531) | | 768,369 |
| Other financing sources | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 870,000 | | 200,000 | | (670,000) |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ 5,100 | = | 103,469 | \$ | 98,369 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | | 8,422,200 | - | |
| Fund balance - ending | | \$ | 8,525,669 | = | |

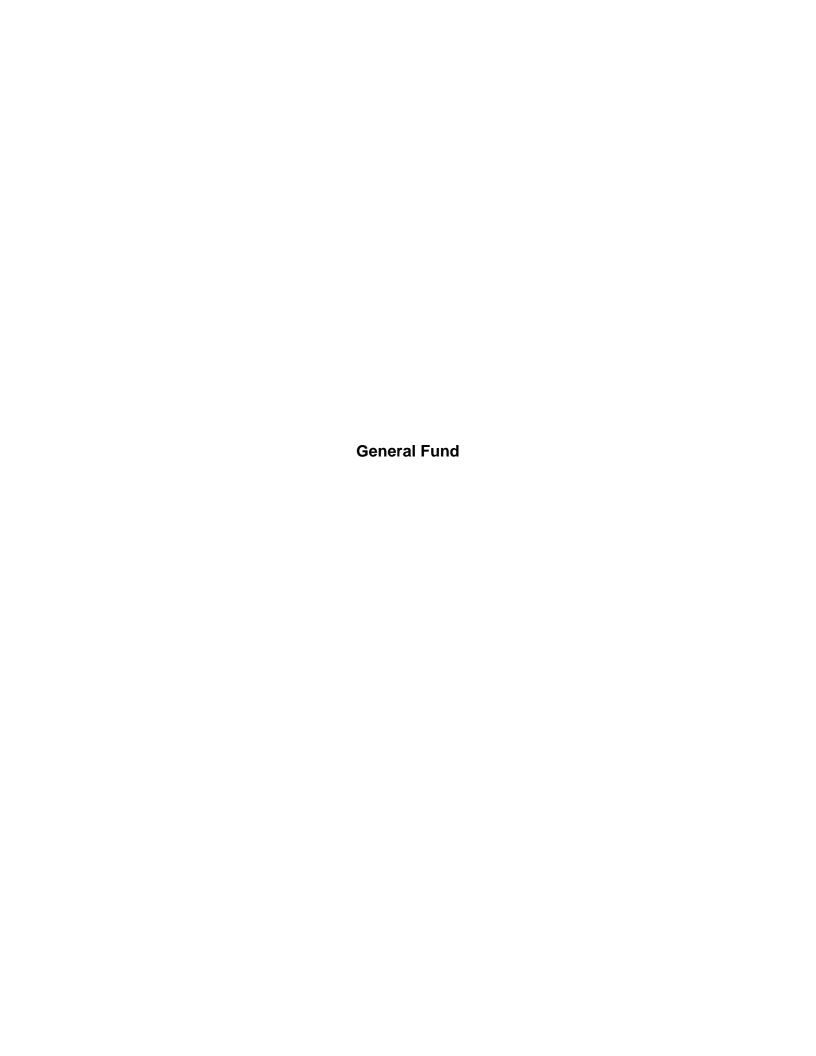
Note to Required Supplementary Information

Note 1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The General Fund's budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.







General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2019

| | | Original and Final Budget | | Actual |
|---|----------|---------------------------------|----|---------|
| General government | c | 405.000 | Φ | 470 700 |
| Salaries, full-time staff | \$ | 185,000 | \$ | 179,736 |
| Salaries, part-time staff | | 20,000 | | 18,008 |
| Salaries, elected officials | | 53,100 | | 53,020 |
| Employee benefits and other personnel related | | 26,000 | | 26,119 |
| Dues | | 3,000 | | 2,584 |
| Legal services | | 106,000 | | 30,855 |
| Engineering services | | - | | (6,773) |
| Accounting services | | 24,000 | | 27,860 |
| Office supplies and postage | | 20,500 | | 16,592 |
| Insurance | | 43,000 | | 25,749 |
| Printing and publishing | | 1,500 | | 1,180 |
| Telephone | | 12,500 | | 7,874 |
| Expense and automobile allowance | | 3,600 | | 3,383 |
| Bonds and insurance | | 66,000 | | 60,170 |
| Conferences and training | | 6,500 | | 2,767 |
| Miscellaneous | | 31,000 | | 16,174 |
| Property maintenance | | 50,000 | | 60,448 |
| Payroll taxes | | 20,000 | | 22,450 |
| Unemployment tax | | 1,500 | | 425 |
| Audit | | 21,800 | | 21,500 |
| Information technology | | 31,250 | | 13,094 |
| Total general government | | 726,250 | | 583,215 |
| Public safety | | | | |
| Police salaries, full-time | | 975,000 | | 972,368 |
| Police salaries, part-time | | 25,000 | | 17,299 |
| Police overtime | | 2,500 | | - |
| Police payroll tax | | 85,000 | | 70,496 |
| Police pension | | 100,000 | | 232,437 |
| Police unemployment tax | | - | | 928 |
| Police health insurance | | 270,000 | | 144,715 |
| Emergency response | | 50,000 | | 20,759 |
| Police training | | 6,000 | | 2,470 |
| Police dues | | 12,000 | | 12,090 |
| Police supplies/services | | 16,000 | | 7,246 |
| Police uniforms | | 7,000 | | 7,379 |
| Police office supplies | | - | | 3,988 |

40

(Continued)

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Continued) Year Ended April 30, 2019

| | Original and Final Budget | Actual |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Public safety (Continued) | | |
| Police contracts | \$ 168,500 | \$ 162,614 |
| Police vehicle maintenance | 56,000 | 37,149 |
| Police telephone | 5,000 | 1,935 |
| Information technology | 10,750 | 10,246 |
| Total public safety | 1,788,750 | 1,704,119 |
| Public works | | |
| Salaries, full-time staff | 49,500 | 48,960 |
| Engineering services | 46,200 | 50,024 |
| Engineering expense | 30,000 | - |
| Engineering reimbursable | 25,000 | 27,588 |
| Forestry | 63,000 | 85,536 |
| Stormwater management | 90,000 | 51,391 |
| Solid waste | 130,000 | 117,594 |
| Street and bridge | 650,000 | 600,985 |
| Snow removal | 482,000 | 384,446 |
| Payroll tax | 4,000 | - |
| Pension | 6,500 | 7,962 |
| Health Insurance | 25,000 | 19,700 |
| Contract inspections | 93,000 | 54,199 |
| Dues | 1,000 | 360 |
| Training | 500 | - |
| Office supplies | 3,000 | 2,065 |
| Remodeling | 25,000 | |
| Total public works | 1,723,700 | 1,450,810 |
| Capital outlay | | |
| General governmental | | |
| Office equipment | 4,200 | 3,031 |
| Building alterations | - | - |
| Public safety | | |
| Police vehicles | 41,000 | 41,634 |
| Police radios | 6,000 | 3,618 |
| Police office equipment | 6,500 | 3,204 |
| Police other capital | 10,000 | - |
| Public Works | | |
| Office equipment | 1,250 | 421 |
| | 68,950 | 51,908 |
| Total expenditures | \$ 4,307,650 | \$ 3,790,052 |



Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Motor Fuel Tax Fund

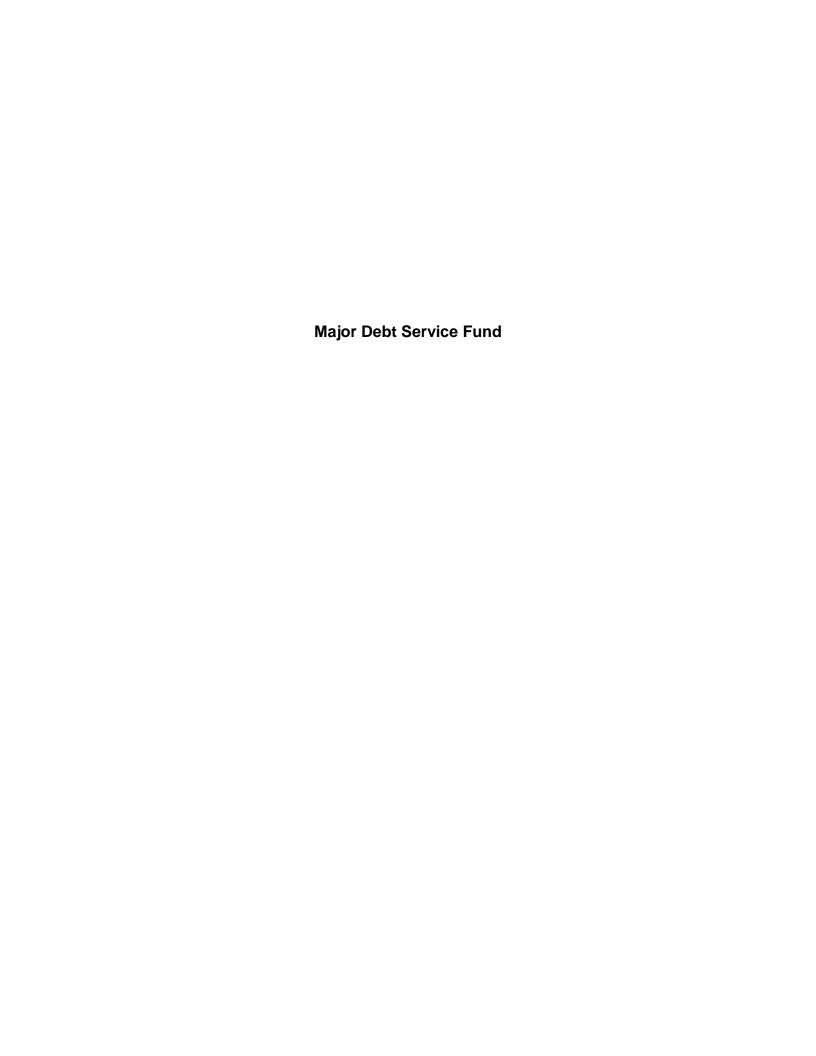
Balance Sheet April 30, 2019

| Assets | |
|--|-------------------------|
| Cash and investments Intergovernmental receivables | \$ 280,458 16,377 |
| Total assets | \$ 296,835 |
| Liabilities and Fund Balance | |
| Fund balance - restricted for street and bridge improvements | \$ 296,835 |
| Total liabilities and fund balance | \$ 296,835 |

Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Motor Fuel Tax Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2019

| | 6 | | Actual | | |
|---|----|-----------|----------|-----------|--|
| Revenues | | Budget | | | |
| Intergovernmental - motor fuel tax allotments | \$ | 195,000 | \$ | 193,999 | |
| Interest | | 1,000 | | 20,615 | |
| Total revenues | | 196,000 | | 214,614 | |
| Expenditures | | - | | - | |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures | | 196,000 | | 214,614 | |
| Other financing uses | | | | | |
| Transfers out | | (200,000) | | (200,000) | |
| Total other financing uses | | (200,000) | | (200,000) | |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ | (4,000) | = | 14,614 | |
| Fund balance - beginning | | | | 282,221 | |
| Fund balance - ending | | | \$ | 296,835 | |



Bond Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2019

| Revenues | Original and Final Budget Actual |
|----------------------------|--|
| Taxes | |
| Property taxes | \$ 802,000 \$ 807,317 |
| Interest | 10 30 |
| Total revenues | 802,010 807,347 |
| Expenditures Debt service | |
| Principal | 670,000 670,000 |
| Interest | 132,000 670,000 |
| Issuance costs | 500 - |
| Total expenditures | 802,500 802,000 |
| Net change in fund balance | <u>\$ (490)</u> 5,347 |
| Fund balance - beginning | 659,390 |
| Fund balance - ending | _\$ 664,737 |

Village of Inverness

Schedule of Long-term Debt Requirements General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2017 April 30, 2019

Date of Issue May 11, 2017
Date of Maturity December 1, 2023
Amount of Issue \$5,070,000
Denomination of Bonds \$5,000

Denomination of Bonds \$5,000 Interest Rates 3.00%

Interest Dates June 1 and December 1

Principal Maturity Date December 1

Paying Agent U.S. Bank National Association, Chicago, Illinois

Future Principal and Interest Requirements

| Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--|--|
| Ending | | Requirements | | Interest Due On | | | | | | |
| April 30, | Principal | Interest | Total | June 1 | Amount | December 1 | Amount | | | |
| 2020 | 690,000 | 111,900 | 801,900 | 2019 | 55,950 | 2019 | 55,950 | | | |
| 2021 | 720,000 | 91,200 | 811,200 | 2020 | 45,600 | 2020 | 45,600 | | | |
| 2022 | 745,000 | 69,600 | 814,600 | 2021 | 34,800 | 2021 | 34,800 | | | |
| 2023 | 775,000 | 47,250 | 822,250 | 2022 | 23,625 | 2022 | 23,625 | | | |
| 2024 | 800,000 | 24,000 | 824,000 | 2023 | 12,000 | 2023 | 12,000 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 3,730,000 | \$ 343,950 | \$ 4,073,950 | | \$ 171,975 | : : | \$ 171,975 | | | |



Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Governmental activities Investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted | \$ 4,980,978 4,685,356 (1,887,163) | \$ 4,920,031 2,879,594 (1,268,140) | \$ 4,901,442 1,383,565 (941,217) | \$ 4,869,369 1,025,721 (25,861) |
| Total governmental activities | \$ 7,779,171 | \$ 6,531,485 | \$ 5,343,790 | \$ 5,869,229 |

| 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2019 | |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----|------------|----|------------|--|
| | | | | | | | | |
| \$ 5,007,248 | \$ 4,937,727 | \$ 4,894,623 | \$ 4,858,086 | \$ | 4,817,170 | \$ | 4,786,974 | |
| 1,106,465 | 275,793 | 271,795 | 278,388 | | 282,221 | | 296,835 | |
| 547,636 | 2,423,635 | 3,572,562 | 4,190,036 | | 5,335,623 | | 6,235,624 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| \$ 6,661,349 | \$ 7,637,155 | \$ 8,738,980 | \$ 9,326,510 | \$ | 10,435,014 | \$ | 11,319,433 | |

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | 2010 | | 2011 | | 2012 | 2013 |
|---|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|---------------|
| Expenses Governmental activities | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 936,934 | \$ | 910,747 | \$ | 958,619 | \$ 905,429 |
| Public safety | Ψ | 1,416,729 | Ψ | 1,477,997 | Ψ | 1,505,922 | 1,560,549 |
| Public works | | 5,272,411 | | 2,456,936 | | 2,815,825 | 1,108,385 |
| Interest | | 355,663 | | 344,674 | | 328,217 | 314,083 |
| interest | | 333,003 | | 344,074 | | 320,217 | 314,003 |
| Total governmental activities expenses | | 7,981,737 | | 5,190,354 | | 5,608,583 | 3,888,446 |
| Program revenues | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | | 393,964 | | 397,210 | | 507,836 | 528,034 |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 170,325 | | 205,546 | | 219,618 | 210,226 |
| Total governmental activities program revenues | | 564,289 | | 602,756 | | 727,454 | 738,260 |
| General revenue and other changes in net position Governmental activities | n | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | 2,524,506 | | 2,469,792 | | 2,702,406 | 2,708,911 |
| Other taxes | | 662,669 | | 682,804 | | 793,810 | 888,949 |
| Annexation fees/grant proceeds | | 1,500 | | 4,500 | | 10,500 | 12,000 |
| Franchise fees | | 123,238 | | 130,623 | | 166,168 | 154,755 |
| Investments income | | 38,305 | | 24,275 | | 10,133 | 11,659 |
| Miscellaneous | | 30,720 | | 27,945 | | 10,417 | 10,070 |
| Total governmental activities | | 3,380,938 | | 3,339,939 | | 3,693,434 | 3,786,344 |
| Total change in net position | \$ | (4,036,510) | \$ | (1,247,659) | \$ | (1,187,695) | \$ 636,158 |

| | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | |
|----|-----------|------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Φ | 4 000 504 | Ф 004.400 | Ф 000 000 | Ф 4 050 044 | Ф 7 00 400 | Φ 000 040 | |
| \$ | 1,069,534 | \$ 884,420 | \$ 969,289 | \$ 1,052,914 | \$ 768,430 | \$ 632,049 | |
| | 1,631,912 | 1,658,237 | 1,663,732 | 1,626,253 | 1,684,226 | 1,738,465 | |
| | 705,856 | 808,374 | 666,747 | 1,106,794 | 926,851 | 1,450,810 | |
| | 286,607 | 269,073 | 248,601 | 228,976 | 202,218 | 83,863 | |
| | 3,693,909 | 3,620,104 | 3,548,369 | 4,014,937 | 3,581,725 | 3,905,187 | |
| | -,, | -,, - | -,, | ,- , | -,, | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 466,395 | 435,625 | 470,300 | 381,112 | 416,428 | 341,708 | |
| | 242,695 | 221,818 | 195,565 | 193,857 | 195,152 | 193,999 | |
| | · | • | · | · | | | |
| | 709,090 | 657,443 | 665,865 | 574,969 | 611,580 | 535,707 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 2,675,886 | 2,743,516 | 2,785,507 | 2,811,769 | 2,775,548 | 2,800,516 | |
| | 912,786 | 985,749 | 998,167 | 960,422 | 999,887 | 1,062,489 | |
| | 15,000 | 18,750 | - | - | - | - | |
| | 159,960 | 166,425 | 172,185 | 177,613 | 183,110 | 176,370 | |
| | 6,719 | 5,474 | 10,247 | 37,970 | 96,008 | 187,917 | |
| | 6,588 | 11,968 | 18,223 | 39,724 | 24,096 | 26,607 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 3,776,939 | 3,931,882 | 3,984,329 | 4,027,498 | 4,078,649 | 4,253,899 | |
| \$ | 792,120 | \$ 969,221 | \$ 1,101,825 | \$ 587,530 | \$ 1,108,504 | \$ 884,419 | |
| Ψ | 102,120 | ψ 505,221 | ψ 1,101,020 | Ψ 301,330 | Ψ 1,100,004 | Ψ 007,719 | |

Fund Balances of Government Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | 2010 | | 2011 | | 2012 | | 2013 |
|--|----------|------------------------|----|------------------------|----|----------------------|----|----------------------|
| General Fund Assigned | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | 511,721 | \$ | 572,728 |
| Solid Waste Program Street and bridge improvements Unassigned | — | 4,649,112 4,944,886 | Φ | 2,813,973 5,102,018 | Φ | 308,582 5,351,473 | Ť | 322,713 5,769,743 |
| Total General Fund | \$ | 9,593,998 | \$ | 7,915,991 | \$ | 6,171,776 | \$ | 6,665,184 |
| All other governmental funds Restricted - street and bridge improvements Restricted - debt service | \$ | 601,002 418,616 | \$ | 698,413 450,128 | \$ | 627,741 490,356 | \$ | 191,638 539,486 |
| Total All Other Governmental Funds | \$ | 1,019,618 | \$ | 1,148,541 | \$ | 1,118,097 | \$ | 731,124 |
| Total Governmental Funds | \$ | 10,613,616 | \$ | 9,064,532 | \$ | 7,289,873 | \$ | 7,396,308 |

| | 2014 | | 2015 | | 2016 | | 2017 | 2018 | | | 2019 | |
|------|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|------|----------------|----|-----------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 570 700 | \$ | E70 700 | \$ | E70 700 | \$ | E70 700 | \$ | 572 720 | \$ | E70 700 | |
| φ | 572,728 | Φ | 572,728 | φ | 572,728 | φ | 572,728 | φ | 572,728 | φ | 572,728 | |
| | 332,713 | | 322,713 | | 322,713 | | 322,713 | | 322,713 | | 322,713 | |
| Ę | 5,772,649 | | 6,180,972 | | 6,781,337 | | 6,771,229 | | 7,526,759 | | 7,630,228 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ 6 | 6,678,090 | \$ | 7,076,413 | \$ | 7,676,778 | \$ | 7,666,670 | \$ | 8,422,200 | \$ | 8,525,669 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 253,927 | \$ | 275,793 | \$ | 271,795 | \$ | 278,388 | \$ | 282,221 | \$ | 296,835 | |
| | 557,659 | | 594,137 | | 639,786 | | 674,626 | | 659,390 | | 664,737 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 811,586 | \$ | 869,930 | \$ | 911,581 | \$ | 953,014 | \$ | 941,611 | \$ | 961,572 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ 7 | 7,489,676 | \$ | 7,946,343 | \$ | 8,588,359 | \$ | 8,619,684 | \$ | 9,363,811 | \$ | 9,487,241 | |

Changes in Fund Balances of Government Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Revenues | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 3,035,641 | \$ 2,546,186 | \$ 2,586,845 | \$ 2,669,403 |
| Other taxes | 662,669 | 676,093 | - | - |
| Sales taxes | - | - | 53,254 | 62,829 |
| Income and use taxes | - | - | 734,874 | 817,387 |
| Replacement taxes | - | - | 4,986 | 4,582 |
| Grants | - | 5,498 | 5,457 | - |
| Charges for services | 219,879 | 203,401 | 257,914 | 212,296 |
| Licenses and permits | 146,337 | 176,786 | 230,259 | 300,093 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 27,748 | 17,023 | 19,663 | 15,645 |
| Intergovernmental | 170,325 | 200,048 | 214,161 | 210,226 |
| Annexation fees | 1,500 | 4,500 | 10,500 | 12,000 |
| Franchise fees | 123,238 | 130,623 | 166,168 | 154,755 |
| Interest | 38,305 | 24,275 | 10,133 | 11,659 |
| Miscellaneous | 30,720 | 27,945 | 10,417 | 10,070 |
| Total revenues | 4,456,362 | 4,012,378 | 4,304,631 | 4,480,945 |
| Expenditures Current | | | | |
| General government | 875,222 | 836,155 | 857,878 | 833,260 |
| Public safety | 1,363,526 | 1,413,148 | 1,474,814 | 1,539,548 |
| Public works | 946,100 | 806,451 | 638,118 | 643,356 |
| Debt service | | | | |
| Principal retirement | 478,008 | 482,271 | 495,504 | 520,895 |
| Interest expense | 339,962 | 340,468 | 325,879 | 310,439 |
| Issuance costs | - | 4 000 007 | - | - |
| Capital outlay | 4,401,714 | 1,682,967 | 2,287,097 | 527,012 |
| Total expenditures | 8,404,532 | 5,561,460 | 6,079,290 | 4,374,510 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | |
| over expenditures | (3,948,170) | (1,549,082) | (1,774,659) | 106,435 |
| Other financing sources (uses) Capital lease issuance | 22,851 | - | - | - |
| Issuance of refunding debt | - | - | - | - |
| Premium on issuance of refunding debt | - | - | - | - |
| Transfers in | - | 155,324 | 170,800 | 160,000 |
| Transfers out | (155,324) | (170,800) | (160,000) | (149,117) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (132,473) | (15,476) | 10,800 | 10,883 |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ (4,080,643) | \$ (1,564,558) | \$ (1,763,859) | \$ 117,318 |
| Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures | 0.257 | 0.269 | 0.276 | 0.276 |

| 2014 | | 2015 | | 2016 | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2019 | |
|-------------------|------|---------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----|-------------|----|-----------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ 2,658,159 | \$ 2 | 2,736,441 | \$ | 2,817,524 | \$ 2,856,489 | \$ | 2,866,046 | \$ | 2,726,392 | |
| - | | - | | - | - | | - | | | |
| 69,011 | | 72,262 | | 65,923 | 75,216 | | 80,825 | | 67,898 | |
| 836,155 | | 894,911 | | 927,618 | 780,900 | | 1,013,931 | | 989,940 | |
| 4,802 | | 5,025 | | 4,626 | 5,138 | | 4,299 | | 4,651 | |
| 400.450 | | 18,750 | | 470.050 | 450,000 | | - | | - | |
| 193,150 | | 181,643 | | 173,658 | 159,886 | | 199,324 | | 148,510 | |
| 258,264 | | 228,731 | | 259,408 | 204,528 | | 202,197 | | 176,194 | |
| 14,981 | | 25,251 | | 37,234 | 16,698 | | 14,907 | | 17,004 | |
| 242,695 15,000 | | 221,818 | | 195,565 | 193,857 | | 195,152 | | 193,999 | |
| 159,960 | | 166,425 | | 172,185 | 177,613 | | 183,110 | | 176,370 | |
| 6,719 | | 5,474 | | 10,247 | 37,970 | | 96,008 | | 187,917 | |
| 6,588 | | 11,964 | | 18,223 | 39,724 | | 24,096 | | 26,607 | |
| 4,465,484 | | 4,568,695 | | 4,682,211 | 4,548,019 | | 4,879,895 | | 4,715,482 | |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | · · · | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 908,190 |) | 808,542 | | 854,432 | 909,581 | | 644,255 | | 583,215 | |
| 1,612,716 | | 1,626,443 | | 1,625,949 | 1,591,528 | | 1,642,316 | | 1,704,119 | |
| 696,335 | | 808,374 | | 666,747 | 1,106,794 | | 926,851 | | 1,450,810 | |
| , | | , | | , | , , | | • | | , , | |
| 540,000 |) | 565,000 | | 590,000 | 620,000 | | 5,915,000 | | 670,000 | |
| 294,570 |) | 277,830 | | 259,185 | 238,535 | | 198,886 | | 132,000 | |
| - | | - | | - | - | | 80,553 | | - | |
| 330,305 | • | 15,839 | | 43,882 | 50,186 | | 53,117 | | 51,908 | |
| 4,382,116 | | 4,102,028 | | 4,040,195 | 4,516,624 | | 9,460,978 | | 4,592,052 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 83,368 | ; | 466,667 | | 642,016 | 31,395 | | (4,581,083) | | 123,430 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| - | | _ | | - | _ | | 5,070,000 | | _ | |
| - | | _ | | _ | - | | 255,141 | | - | |
| 149,117 | | 170,000 | | 200,000 | 200,000 | | 200,000 | | 200,000 | |
| (170,000 | | (200,000) | | (200,000) | (190,000) | | (200,000) | | (200,000) | |
| (20,883 | 5) | (30,000) | | - | 10,000 | | 5,325,141 | | - | |
| \$ 62,485 | \$ | 436,667 | \$ | 642,016 | \$ 41,395 | \$ | 744,058 | \$ | 123,430 | |
| , | | , | <i>T</i> | - ,3 | , | - | -, | - | -, | |
| 0.259 | | 0.260 | | 0.270 | U 226 | | 0.657 | | 0 176 | |
| 0.259 | | 0.260 | | 0.270 | 0.238 | | 0.657 | | 0.176 | |

Village of Inverness, Illinois

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Levy Years

| Levy | Residential | | Commercial | Industrial | | |
|------|----------------|-----------|---------------|--------------|-----------|--|
| Year | Property | Farm | Property | Property | Railroad | |
| | | | | | | |
| 2009 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | |
| 2010 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | |
| 2011 | \$ 492,926,037 | \$ 12,072 | \$ 12,562,703 | \$ 6,279,518 | \$ 20,565 | |
| 2012 | 454,072,705 | 11,632 | 10,261,078 | 4,946,929 | 23,269 | |
| 2013 | 410,002,108 | 11,283 | 8,489,979 | 4,224,929 | 28,755 | |
| 2014 | 417,253,105 | 37,849 | 15,308,017 | 88,229 | 29,986 | |
| 2015 | 404,370,974 | 37,296 | 14,086,158 | 86,390 | 36,012 | |
| 2016 | 475,502,202 | 41,530 | 13,717,350 | 102,418 | 36,643 | |
| 2017 | 484,587,840 | 41,864 | 14,404,571 | 108,245 | 37,386 | |
| 2018 | 468,997,204 | 41,288 | 14,598,941 | 106,353 | 40,175 | |

N/A - Information not readily available

Source: Cook County, Office of the County Clerk

| | | | Estimated | Estimated |
|----|--------------|----------|------------------|-----------|
| Т | otal Taxable | Total | Actual | Actual |
| | Assessed | Direct | Taxable | Taxable |
| | Value | Tax Rate | Value | Value |
| | | | | |
| \$ | 628,948,084 | 3.88 | \$ 2,440,318,566 | 33.333% |
| | 569,891,309 | 4.29 | 2,444,833,716 | 33.333% |
| | 511,800,895 | 4.96 | 2,538,532,439 | 33.333% |
| | 469,315,613 | 5.42 | 2,543,690,622 | 33.333% |
| | 422,757,054 | 6.23 | 2,633,776,446 | 33.333% |
| | 432,717,186 | 6.20 | 2,682,846,553 | 33.333% |
| | 418,616,830 | 6.48 | 2,712,637,058 | 33.333% |
| | 489,400,143 | 5.56 | 2,721,064,795 | 33.333% |
| | 499,179,906 | 5.34 | 2,665,620,698 | 33.333% |
| | 483,783,961 | 5.51 | 2,665,649,625 | 33.333% |

Village of Inverness, Illinois

Director and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Levy Years

| | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Tax Rates | | | | |
| Village of Inverness | | | | |
| Corporate (Police Protection) | 0.253 | 0.279 | 0.326 | 0.355 |
| Debt Service | 0.135 | 0.150 | 0.170 | 0.187 |
| Total Village of Inverness | 0.388 | 0.429 | 0.496 | 0.542 |
| School Districts | | | | |
| School District #15 | 2.307 | 2.603 | 2.943 | 3.269 |
| Palatine Township High School District #211 | 1.916 | 2.204 | 2.482 | 2.772 |
| Unit School District #220 | 3.036 | 3.343 | 3.788 | 4.292 |
| Harper Community College District #512 | 0.258 | 0.295 | 0.334 | 0.373 |
| Fire Protection Districts | | | | |
| Barrington Countryside Fire Protection District | 0.330 | 0.365 | 0.418 | 0.469 |
| Palatine Rural Fire Protection District | 0.643 | 0.742 | 0.830 | 0.857 |
| Park Districts | | | | |
| Barrington Hills Park District | | | | |
| Palatine Park District | 0.408 | 0.468 | 0.517 | 0.574 |
| Inverness Park District | 0.132 | 0.154 | 0.174 | 0.195 |
| South Barrington Park District | | | | |
| Library District | | | | |
| Barrington Public Library District | 0.157 | 0.172 | 0.195 | 0.223 |
| Palatine Public Library District | | | | |
| County | | | | |
| County of Cook | 0.394 | 0.423 | 0.462 | 0.531 |
| Forest Preserve | 0.049 | 0.051 | 0.058 | 0.063 |
| Consolidated Elections | 0.021 | - | 0.025 | - |
| Townships | | | | |
| Palatine Township | 0.103 | 0.119 | 0.135 | 0.145 |
| Barrington Township | 0.022 | 0.023 | 0.026 | 0.029 |
| Other Districts | | | | |
| Northwest Mosquito Abatement District | 0.008 | 0.009 | 0.010 | 0.011 |
| Metropolitan Water Reclamation District | 0.261 | 0.274 | 0.320 | 0.370 |
| | | | | |

Source: Cook County, Office of the County Clerk

| Tax | Levy Year | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| | | | | | |
| 0.413 | 0.414 | 0.432 | 0.369 | 0.365 | 0.377 |
| 0.210 | 0.206 | 0.216 | 0.186 | 0.169 | 0.174 |
| 0.623 | 0.620 | 0.648 | 0.556 | 0.534 | 0.551 |
| 3.849 3.197 4.807 | 3.868 3.213 4.953 | 4.035 3.309 5.126 | 3.543 2.871 4.538 | 3.618 2.922 4.560 | 3.807 3.044 4.853 |
| 0.444 | 0.451 | 0.466 | 0.416 | 0.425 | 0.443 |
| 0.530 0.991 | 0.540 1.042 | 0.565 1.093 | 0.482 0.949 | 0.485 0.963 | 0.520 1.022 |
| 0.680 0.222 | 0.054 0.696 0.212 | 0.057 0.725 0.217 | 0.048 0.648 0.190 | 0.048 0.657 0.187 0.214 | 0.052 0.693 0.198 0.213 |
| 0.248 | 0.258 0.696 | 0.266 0.308 | 0.231 0.268 | 0.230 0.276 | 0.248 0.291 |
| 0.560 0.069 0.031 | 0.568 0.069 - | 0.552 0.069 0.034 | 0.533 0.063 0.000 | 0.496 0.062 0.031 | 0.489 0.060 0.000 |
| 0.167 0.033 | 0.166 0.033 | 0.173 0.034 | 0.145 0.031 | 0.143 0.032 | 0.146 0.033 |
| 0.013 0.417 | 0.013 0.430 | 0.011 0.426 | 0.010 0.406 | 0.010 0.402 | 0.011 0.396 |

Property Tax Assessed Valuations, Rates,

Extensions and Collections

April 30, 2019

| Year | | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 |
|--|----|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------|----------------------|------|----------------------|
| Assessed valuation | \$ | 483,783,961 | \$ 499,179,906 | \$ 489,400,143 | \$ | 418,616,830 | \$ | 432,717,186 |
| Tax rate per \$100 of assessed valuation | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate | | 0.3769 | 0.3653 | 0.3694 | | 0.4318 | | 0.4232 |
| Bonds | | 0.1740 | 0.1687 | 0.1857 | | 0.2154 | | 0.2061 |
| | | 0.5509 | 0.5340 | 0.5551 | | 0.6472 | | 0.6293 |
| Extensions | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate | | 1,823,358 | 1,823,358 | 1,807,650 | | 1,807,650 | | 1,788,080 |
| Bonds | | 841,995 | 842,100 | 908,875 | | 901,462 | | 891,644 |
| | | 2,665,353 | 2,665,458 | 2,716,525 | | 2,709,112 | | 2,679,724 |
| Collections | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate | | 964,311 | 1,787,451 | 1,802,612 | | 1,789,242 | | 1,762,669 |
| Bonds | | 436,820 | 825,517 | 906,342 | | 892,282 | | 878,973 |
| | | 1,401,131 | 2,612,968 | 2,708,954 | | 2,681,524 | | 2,641,642 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Year | | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | | 2010 | | 2009 |
| Assessed valuation | \$ | 422,757,054 | \$ 469,315,613 | \$ 511,800,895 | \$: | 569,891,309 | \$ (| 628,948,084 |
| Tax rate per \$100 of assessed valuation | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate | | 0.4130 | 0.3553 | 0.3260 | | 0.2785 | | 0.2530 |
| Bonds | | 0.2100 | 0.1867 | 0.1700 | | 0.1501 | | 0.1350 |
| | _ | 0.6230 | 0.5420 | 0.4960 | | 0.4286 | | 0.3880 |
| Extensions | _ | | | | | | | |
| Corporate | | 1,746,365 | 1,667,364 | 1,667,364 | | 1,587,230 | | 1,587,230 |
| Bonds | | 884,972 | 876,299 | 866,271 | | 855,456 | | 849,261 |
| | | 2,631,337 | 2,543,663 | 2,533,635 | | 2,442,686 | | 2,436,491 |
| Collections | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate | | 1,717,814 | 1,639,263 | 1,639,885 | | 1,561,111 | | 1,542,752 |
| | | 1,717,814 870,504 | 1,639,263 861,530 | 1,639,885 851,994 | | 1,561,111 841,379 | | 1,542,752 825,462 |

Source: Office of the Cook County Treasurer

Village of Inverness, Illinois

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | Percentage of | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|-----------|----------|----|--------|--|--|--|
| | | Less Resources | Assessed | | | | | | | |
| | General | Restricted to | | | Taxable | | | | | |
| | Obligation | Repayment of | | | Value of | | | | | |
| Fiscal Year | Bonds | GO bonds | | Total | Property | | Capita | | | |
| • | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | \$ 9,035,000 | \$ 418,616 | \$ | 8,616,384 | 1.44% | \$ | 1,221 | | | |
| 2011 | 8,565,000 | 450,128 | | 8,114,872 | 1.50% | | 1,155 | | | |
| 2012 | 8,075,000 | 490,356 | | 7,584,644 | 1.58% | | 1,083 | | | |
| 2013 | 7,560,000 | 539,486 | | 7,020,514 | 1.61% | | 1,043 | | | |
| 2014 | 7,020,000 | 557,659 | | 6,462,341 | 1.66% | | 934 | | | |
| 2015 | 6,455,000 | 594,137 | | 5,860,863 | 1.49% | | 869 | | | |
| 2016 | 5,865,000 | 639,786 | | 5,225,214 | 1.40% | | 748 | | | |
| 2017 | 5,250,941 | 674,626 | | 4,576,315 | 1.07% | | 680 | | | |
| 2018 | 4,618,692 | 659,390 | | 3,959,302 | 0.93% | | 598 | | | |
| 2019 | 3,908,930 | 664,737 | | 3,244,193 | 0.81% | | 506 | | | |

Source: The Village's Annual Financial Report

Village of Inverness, Illinois

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of April 30, 2019

| | | Percentage | |
|---|------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| | | Debt Applicable | |
| | | to the Village | Village of Inverness |
| Governmental Unit | Debt | of Inverness | Share of Debt |
| | | | |
| Direct bonded debt | | | |
| Village of Inverness | \$ 3,908,930 | _ 100.00% | \$ 3,908,930 |
| Overlapping bonded debt | | | |
| School District #15 | 44,301,452 | 9.23% | 4,089,024 |
| Palatine Township High School District #211 | 3,449,170 | 4.28% | 147,624 |
| Unit School District #220 | 32,117,000 | 5.58% | 1,792,129 |
| Harper Community College District #512 | 155,687,252 | 2.56% | 3,985,594 |
| Barrington Countryside Fire Protection District | 550,000 | 12.61% | 69,355 |
| Palatine Rural Fire Protection District | 137,500 | 76.93% | 105,779 |
| Palatine Park District | 15,475,000 | 4.00% | 619,000 |
| Inverness Park District | 193,000 | 100.00% | 193,000 |
| South Barrington Park District | 6,580,000 | 0.08% | 5,264 |
| County of Cook | 3,394,694,079 | 0.31% | 10,523,552 |
| Metropolitan Water Reclamation District | 3,088,865,000 | 0.03% | 926,660 |
| Total overlapping bonded debt | 6,742,049,453 | _ | 22,456,980 |
| Total direct and overlapping bonded debt | \$ 6,745,958,383 | _ | \$ 26,365,910 |
| | | = | |

Source: Cook County, Office of the County Clerk

Schedule of Legal Debt Margin April 30, 2019

The Village is a home-rule municipality.

Article VII, Section 6(k) of the 1970 Illinois Constitution governs computation of the legal debt margin.

"The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentages of the assessed value of its taxable property...(2) if its population is more than 25,000 and less than 500,000 an aggregate of one percent:....indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date (July 1, 1971) of this constitution or which is thereafter approved by referendum....shall not be included in the foregoing percentage amounts."

To date, the General Assembly has set no limits for home-rule municipalities.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | Household | | Per Capita | Unemployment |
|-------------|------------|---------------|----|------------|--------------|
| Fiscal Year | Population | Income | | Income | Rate |
| 2010 | 7,399 | \$ 142,250 | \$ | 66,744 | 6.0% |
| 2011 | 7,417 | 141,146 | | 73,046 | 7.1% |
| 2012 | 7,457 | 151,707 | | 77,037 | 8.5% |
| 2013 | 7,245 | 152,993 | | 87,199 | 7.7% |
| 2014 | 7,516 | 156,938 | | 91,623 | 7.4% |
| 2015 | 7,431 | 161,838 | | 89,974 | 5.8% |
| 2016 | 7,844 | 172,949 | | 87,950 | 4.4% |
| 2017 | 7,723 | 173,838 | | 85,572 | 2.3% |
| 2018 | 7,723 | 173,838 | | 85,572 | 2.3% |
| 2019 | 7,723 | 173,838 | | 85,572 | 2.3% |

Sources:

Population information provided by the U.S. Census Bureau Per capita information provided by the American Community Survey

Unemployment data provided by Illinois Department of Employment Security (IDES)

Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|------------------------------|------|------|------|---------------|
| Police Department | | | | |
| Calls for Service | N/A | N/A | N/A | 2,222 |
| Accidents | N/A | N/A | N/A | 133 |
| Alarms | N/A | N/A | N/A | 442 |
| Arrests | N/A | N/A | N/A | 38 |
| Citations | N/A | N/A | N/A | 2,110 |
| Fire Assists | N/A | N/A | N/A | 414 |
| Patrol Miles | N/A | N/A | N/A | 112,844 |
| Building Department | | | | |
| SF Res. (New, Demo/Rebuid) | N/A | N/A | N/A | - |
| SF Res. (Add/Alt) | N/A | N/A | N/A | - |
| Commerical (New, Add, Misc.) | N/A | N/A | N/A | - |
| Misc. (Deck, Pools, Gen) | N/A | N/A | N/A | - |
| Engineering Misc | N/A | N/A | N/A | - |
| Number of Permits (Total) | N/A | N/A | N/A | 114 |
| Value of construction | N/A | N/A | N/A | \$ 23,005,969 |
| Total Number of Inspections | N/A | N/A | N/A | 613 |
| General Government | | | | |
| FOIA Requests | N/A | N/A | N/A | - |
| Regular | N/A | N/A | N/A | - |
| Average Response Time (days) | N/A | N/A | N/A | - |
| Commercial | N/A | N/A | N/A | - |
| Average Response Time (days) | N/A | N/A | N/A | - |
| Business Licenses | N/A | N/A | N/A | 21 |
| Vehicle Stickers Issued | N/A | N/A | N/A | - |
| Scavenger Licenses Issued | N/A | N/A | N/A | - |
| Dog Tags Issued | N/A | N/A | N/A | 978 |
| Utility Permits Issued | N/A | N/A | N/A | - |
| Ordinances Adopted | N/A | N/A | N/A | 12 |
| Resolutions Adopted | N/A | N/A | N/A | 11 |
| Refuse/Recycling/Yard Waste | | | | |
| Refuse Collected (tons) | N/A | N/A | N/A | 2,536.97 |
| Recycling Collected (tons) | N/A | N/A | N/A | 1,260.57 |
| Yard Waste Collected (tons) | N/A | N/A | N/A | 341.07 |
| Programs | | | | |
| Salt Purchases (tons) | N/A | N/A | N/A | 1,123.89 |

N/A - Information not readily available

Source: Various Village departments

| 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 2018 | | 2019 |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | | | |
| 2,153 | 2,145 | 2,047 | 2,004 | 1,865 | 2,024 |
| 133 | 134 | 149 | 126 | 124 | 146 |
| 498 | 474 | 448 | 444 | 393 | 412 |
| 27 | 26 | 34 | 22 | 5 | 7 |
| 2,046 | 2,599 | 2,634 | 2,342 | 2,682 | 2,475 |
| 412 | 417 | 424 | 459 | 468 | 460 |
| 113,398 | 36,375 | 24,264 | 96,707 | 106,664 | 110,019 |
| | | | | | • |
| - | - | - | - | 4 | 3 |
| - | - | - | - | 37 | 35 |
| - | - | - | - | 1 | - |
| - | - | - | - | 47 | 47 |
| - 04 | - | - | - | 21 | 21 |
| 94 | 93 | 114 | 105 | 119 | 106 |
| \$ 16,199,745 | \$ 14,920,186 | \$ 14,234,693 | \$7,732,019 | \$ 8,451,165 | \$ 6,648,747 |
| 620 | 480 | 530 | 543 | 525 | 573 |
| | | | | | |
| - | 102 | 108 | 89 | 88 | 119 |
| - | 75 | 82 | 67 | 69 | 101 |
| - | 1.47 | 1.67 | 1.30 | 1.39 | 1.78 |
| - | 27 | 26 | 22 | 19 | 18 |
| - | 1.81 | 6.17 | 7.77 | 8.95 | 8.61 |
| 22 | 23 | 27 | 29 | 34 | 37 |
| 5,986 | 5,425 | 5,377 | 5,413 | 5,373 | 5,402 |
| 11 | 9 | 9 | 7 | 6 | 6 |
| 929 | 881 | 860 | 851 | 862 | 834 |
| 37 | 46 | 44 | 42 | 30 | 16 |
| 14 | 12 | 6 | 12 | 13 | 9 |
| 14 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 13 |
| 2,636.94 | 2,711.70 | 2,707.55 | 2,574.92 | 2,526.16 | 991.01 |
| 1,333.36 | 1,355.92 | 1,338.15 | 1,213.79 | 1,193.92 | 426.89 |
| 428.88 | 365.07 | 348.55 | 337.53 | 295.34 | 161.23 |
| 1,903.63 | 908.51 | 999.67 | 593.09 | 1,262.55 | 1,547.42 |

Full-Time Equivalent Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| Elected Officials | | | | | | | | | | |
| Full-Time | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Part-Time | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Administration | | | | | | | | | | |
| Full-Time | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Part-Time | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Building Department | | | | | | | | | | |
| Full-Time | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Part-Time | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Police Department | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sworn-FT | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Sworn-PT | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Nonsworn-FT | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Nonsworn-PT | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Source: Village Records

Village of Inverness, Illinois

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Vehicles | | | | | | | | | | |
| Marked Patrol Units | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Unmarked Patrol Units | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Civil Vehicle | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Building/Land | | | | | | | | | | |
| Village Hall | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Annex Building/Police Department | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Veteran's Memorial | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Vacant Land (acres) | 88.15 | 88.15 | 88.15 | 88.15 | 88.15 | 88.15 | 88.15 | 88.15 | 88.15 | 88.15 |

Data Source: Various Village Departments